DTS4050/16Tx DTS4050/32Tx DTS4050/64Tx

THERMOCOUPLE SCANNERS

HARDWARE AND SOFTWARE MANUAL

SOFTWARE VERSION 1.02





PREFACE

DTS4050

DTS4050

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2) On receipt of shipping instructions, forward the product, transportation prepaid. Repairs will be made and the product returned.

3) All shipments should be made via "Best Way". The product should be shipped in the original packing container or wrapped in protective material and surrounded by a minimum of four (4) inches of a shock absorbing material.

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IMPORTANT NOTICE

Please note that the product specifications and other information contained in this manual are subject to change without notice. Scanivalve Corporation makes an effort and strives to provide complete and current information for the proper use of the equipment. If there are any questions regarding this manual or the proper use of the equipment, contact Scanivalve Corporation.

PREFACE

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The WARNING! symbol indicates that danger of injury for persons and the environment and/or considerable damage (mortal danger, danger of injury) will occur if the respective safety precautions are not taken.



The CAUTION ! symbol indicate danger for the system and material if the respective safety precautions are not taken.



The ESD note symbol indicates that proper precautions for handling Electrostatic Sensitive Devices needs to be taken when performing the related operation. This includes the use of grounded work surfaces and personal wrist straps to prevent damage to sensitive electronic components.

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CONTACT INFORMATION

If there are any questions or concerns regarding any Scanivalve product please do not hesitate to contact us at the following:

- Scanivalve Corp. 1722 N. Madson Street Liberty Lake, WA 99019 Telephone: (800)935-5151 (509)891-9970 Fax: (509)891-9481 scanco@scanivalve.com www.scanivalve.com
- Scanivalve Corporation is an ISO9001:2000 certified company.

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SECTION 1: SPECIFICATIONS

GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

	OLIVENA			18-36Vdc		
	Size (WxHx			10-30VUC		
	16T		6.19" x 5.12" x 13.5" (15.72cm x 13.00cm x 34.29cm)	Power Requirements	- h (
	32T		10.75" x 5.58" x 12.0"	Standard—No 167	x:	.58 Amps @ 28Vdc
			(27.31cm x 14.17cm x 30.48cm)	321 641	x: x:	.83 Amps @ 28Vdc 1.45 Amps @ 28Vdc
	64T		10.75" x 5.58" x 23.32" (27.31cm x 14.17cm x 59.23cm)	With Optional 161	Heater:	1.6 Amps @ 28Vdc
			(27.51011 × 14.17011 × 59.25011)	321	x:	4.8 Amps @ 28Vdc
	Weight			Common Mode Reject	ion	
	16T		13.0 lbs (5.91 kg)	160 db @ 0-60		
	16T 32T		12.0 lbs (5.45 kg) 15.5 lbs (6.80 kg)			
			15.0 lbs (6.13 kg)	Channel to Channel Ise	olation	
	64T		25.0 lbs (11.36 kg)	1000Vdc		
	Thermocou			Input/Output Isolation	1	
			B, E J, K, N, R, S and T	600Vdc		
			E, J, K, S and T			
	Accuracy**	*		ENVIRONMENT S		ATIONS
			±0.5°C	Operating Temperatur Without Heate		٦°C
[This page intentionally left blank]			±2.0°C	With Heater		o 60°C (16 & 32Tx only)
	В		±4.0°C	Humidity		
	UTR Accura	асу		Operation Storage		% RH, Non-Condensing % RH, Non-Condensing
		-	±0.1°C	Storage	5 10 55	
	A/D Resolut	ition				
	Ny D Nesona		22 Bit (each channel)			
	Data Outou					
	Data Outpu		°C, °F, °R, K, mVolts, Counts			
	Data Outpu		10			
	16T 32T		40 samples/channel/second 20 samples/channel/second			
	64T		10 samples/channel/second			
	Community	ations		* All dimensions for screw-t		
	Communica Ethe		100Base-T, TCP/IP or UDP	warm up period. Accuracy	does not inclu	lid after a minimum of two hour ude thermocouples, thermocou-
	Seri		RS-232 (limited configuration only)	ple extension wires or pane	jack connec	tor option.



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Power Input

DTS4050/16Tx - Screw Terminal Outline Drawing

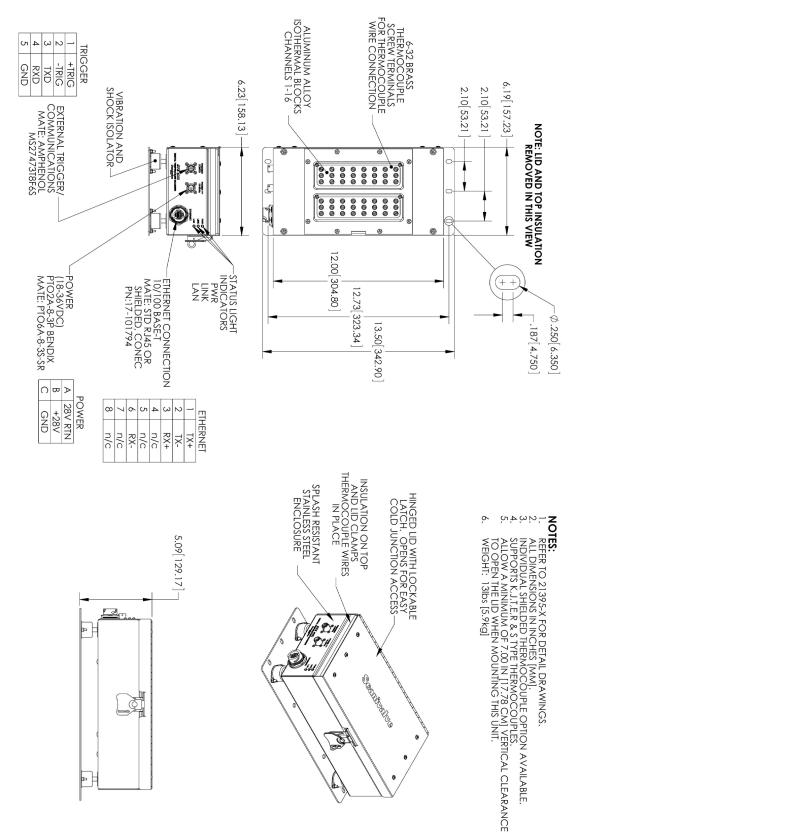
DTS4050

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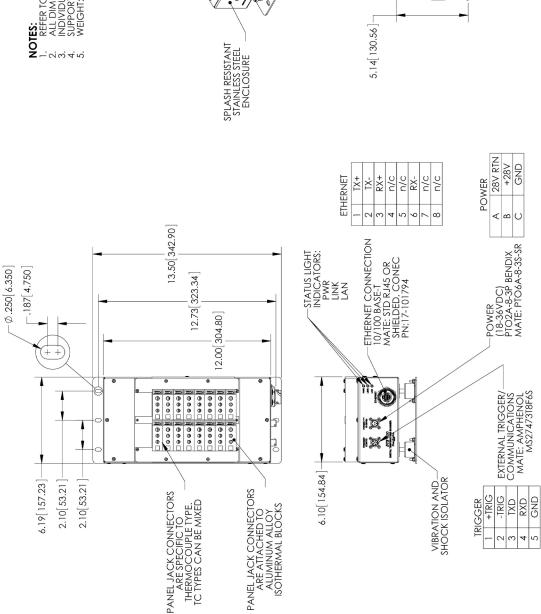
DTS4050/16Tx - PANEL JACK OUTLINE DRAWING

(MIM). 10COUPLE OPTION THERMOCOUPLES.

DR



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FIGURE 1.1 - PHYSICAL SPECIFICATION, DTS4050/16TX, SCREW TERMINAL INPUTS

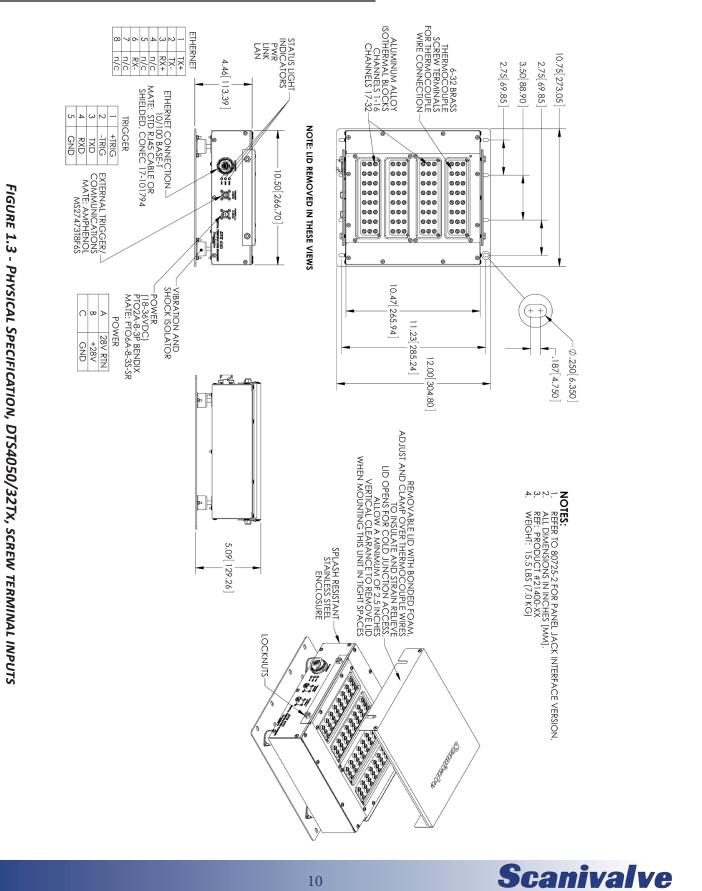
SECTION 1: SPECIFICATIONS

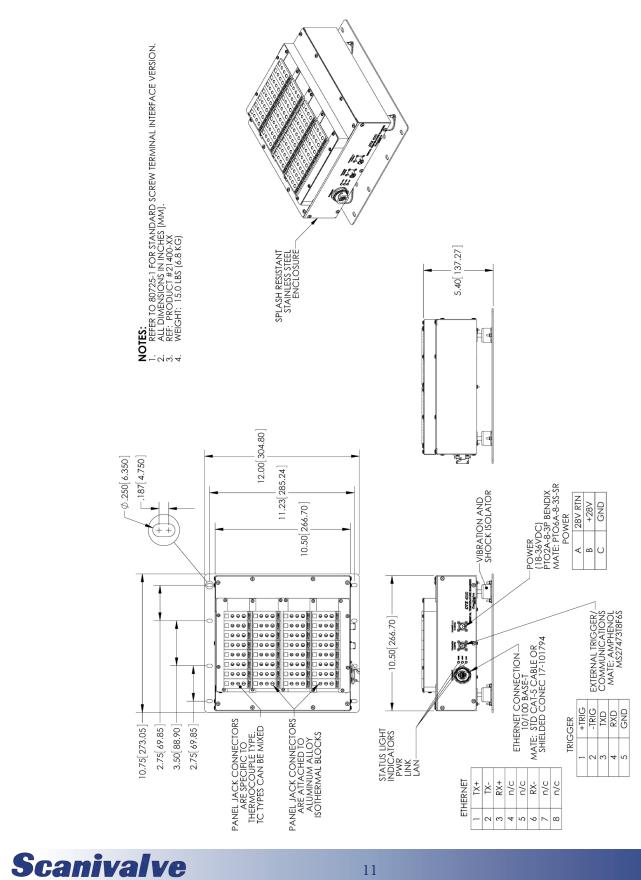




FIGURE 1.2 - PHYSICAL SPECIFICATION, DTS4050/16TX, PANEL JACK INPUTS

DTS4050/32Tx - Screw Terminal Outline Drawing





DTS4050/32Tx - PANEL JACK OUTLINE DRAWING

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SECTION 1: SPECIFICATIONS



FIGURE 1.4 - PHYSICAL SPECIFICATION, DTS4050/32TX, PANEL JACK INPUTS

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SECTION 2: INTRODUCTION

GENERAL DESCRIPTION

The DTS4050 series thermocouple acquisition system represents the next generation of intelligent temperature scanning. This Digital Temperature Scanner incorporates 16, 32 or 64 pair of thermocouple inputs, a 22 bit A/D converter for each input channel, RAM and a DSP processor. The DTS in packaged in a in a rugged, shock mounted, stainless steel enclosure.

An Isothermal block is incorporated for the Uniform Temperature Reference (UTR), with a ± 0.1 °C accuracy. The temperature of each UTR block is measured using two PT100 RTDs. A single UTR block can act as the reference for 16 thermocouple inputs. NIST thermocouple tables for standard thermocouple types are stored in Flash Memory. The DSP processor uses these look-up tables to convert mV inputs to Engineering units. Temperature data may be output in °C, °F, °R, K, mVolts, Counts. The DTS4050 total system error does not include extension wire and external connectors, or panel jacks.

Multiple standard thermocouple types may be used with this intelligent thermocouple scanner. The DTS4050 can accept grounded and un-grounded thermocouples.

MODULE CONFIGURATIONS

The DTS4050 is available in 16, 32 or 64 input versions. Several optional configurations are available in order to meet the requirements of specific tests.

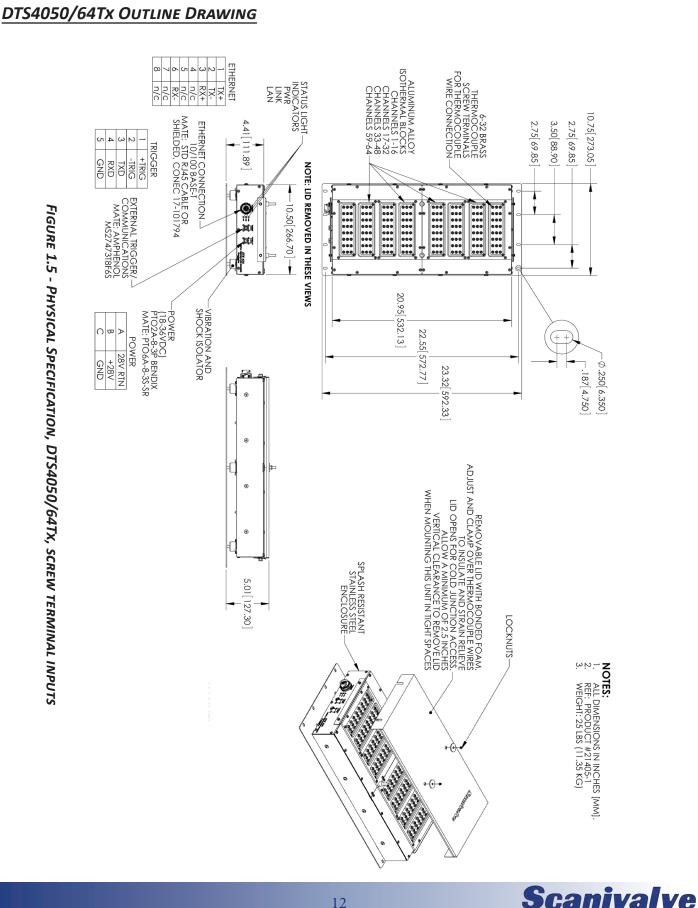
SCREW TERMINAL

This is the standard configuration for all DTS4050 modules. Thermocouples are terminated at the DTS4050 with #6x32 brass screws into the UTR block. DTS4050 modules are available in versions that will accept 16, 32 or 64 shielded thermocouples. The top cover and insulation isolate the UTR from small temperature changes giving this unit the best accuracy.

PANEL JACK VERSION

DTS4050 modules may have panel jacks installed as an The DTS module should not be mounted in a location option in 16Tx and 32Tx version. This option uses either where it may be subjected to extreme temperature shifts Omega TPJ series or UPJ series panel jack receptacles and is or ambient temperatures outside of the specified operatavailable for type E, J, K, S and T thermocouples only. This ing range of the module. Pay careful attention to prevent option reduces the overall accuracy of the module by a any temperature "gradients" across the module as the UTR factor of two. This error may be calibrated out by the user blocks must be at a completely consistent temperature. using the Gain and Offset terms. Unused panel jacks must Keep in mind that the internal temperature of the module be plugged to prevent "cold spots" on the UTR which will will run several degrees warmer than ambient temperacause errors. ture.

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PANEL MOUNT VERSION

DTS 4050/64Tx modules may be ordered in either the standard shock mount configuration or in an optional Panel mount configuration. The Panel Mount configuration is designed to be mounted in a standard 19 inch rack mount cabinet. The mounting ears may be reversed to facilitate the most convenient mounting configuration

HEATER OPTION

16 and 32 channel DTS4050 modules can be equipped with an internal heater for cold environment applications. The heater kit option increases the DTS4050's operational ambient temperature range to -20°C to 60°C by maintaining the internal temperature of the module at approximately +20°C. With a heater installed, the power requirements for the DSTS4050 module increase to:

DTS4050/16Tx:	1.6A @ 28Vdc
DTS4050/32Tx:	4.8A @ 28Vdc

The standard nominal power range of 18-36Vdc still applies. The power consumption of the module will decrease once the temperature of the module has stabilized.

ENVIRONMENTAL CONSIDERATIONS

DTS4050 modules are constructed with a rugged, corrosion resistant stainless steel case. This case is designed with withstand normal test cell, flight test, educational, light industrial or similar environments. The case is splash resistant but not water proof. If any moisture gets spilled or splashed on the DTS module, wipe it dry immediately to prevent damage to the module. The DTS module should not be mounted outdoors.

The DTS module is designed for rugged applications and incorporates shock mounts for vibration isolation and Bendix/Amphenol connectors for power and serial inputs as well as a Conec connector with optional protective shell for the Ethernet connection.

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SECTION 3: OPERATION

UNPACK & INVENTORY

When you first unpack the DTS module, begin by inspecting and inventorying the contents of the package. If any visible damage is immediately noticed or if any contents are missing, contact Scanivalve before proceeding. Standard modules are shipped with the following contents as a minimum:

- 1. DTS4050 module
- 2. Certificate of calibration
- 3. Full calibration report CD
- 4. DTS resource CD
- 5. Trigger/configuration cable connector
- 6. Power cable connector
- 7. Ethernet cable connector

MOUNTING

The DTS module comes with a mounting plate attached to the module's IP address. the bottom using vibration dampers. This mounting plate accepts mounting hardware up to 1/4" (6.4mm) in diame-SERIAL COMMUNICATIONS ter. The DTS module can be mounted in most orientations. Every DTS4050 module has an RS-232 serial output. It Because the DTS Uniform Temperature Reference block is available through the 'Serial Communications/Trigger' (UTR) has two RTDs to measure the temperature, the DTS connector on the front face of the module. The bulkhead should NOT be mounted in an orientation that puts these connector for the 'Serial Communications/Trigger" connec-RTDs vertical to each other. Mounting the DTS such that tion on the module is an Amphenol JTP02RE8-6P. All DTS the RTDs are vertical to each other produces a temperature modules are shipped with a mating connector (Amphegradient across the UTR block that cannot be accurately nol JTO1RE8-6SR) that can be used to fabricate a Serial represented by the two RTD readings. This is only a con-Communications/Trigger cable. Alternately, a Serial Comcern if the DTS is mounted "vertically," such as on a wall. If munication/Trigger cable can be ordered from Scanivalve the DTS does need to be mounted vertically, then 16 chanusing the Scanivalve part number 155829. nel units must be mounted with the connectors horizontal (left or right). 32 and 64 channel units must be mounted The wiring diagram for the RS-232 output is shown below. with the connectors vertical, on the top or bottom face. The cable wiring must connect the Tx output from the host Additionally, ensure that the DTS module is mounted in an computer to the Rx input of the DTS module. Also, the RX environment that conforms to the requirements described input of the host computer must connect to the Tx output in "Environmental Considerations" on page 13. of the DTS module.

A minimum clearance of 6.25" must be left above 16Tx module and 1.5" above 32Tx & 64Tx module in order to open or remove the insulating cover.



CAUTION! Mounting the DTS module inadequately or in an environment that does not conform to the recommendations can results in permanent damage to the module.

WARM-UP

After applying power to the DTS module, a minimum of two hours is required to allow the module temperature to become stable before collecting data. It is recommended

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that if time allows, the warm-up period should be extended to three hours for most applications.

COMMUNICATIONS

The DTS module is designed primarily for Ethernet communications. This provides a means to configure the DTS module as well as scan and collect data from the module. A serial RS-232 port is also provided. The serial connection is designed to provide emergency communications should Ethernet communications not be available. Several important module variables can be configured through the serial port, but possibly the most important is the Ethernet IP address. If the IP address of the unit has been lost, a Serial connection is the only way to reset the IP address. See "Operating in Bootloader Mode" on page 85 for step by step instructions on entering the bootloader and change

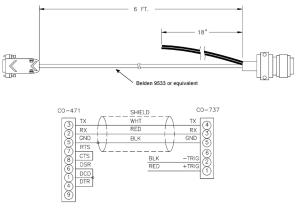


FIGURE 3.1 - SERIAL COMMUNICATION/TRIGGER CABLE

SECTION 3: INSTALLATION & OPERATION

Settings for establishing a serial connection to the DTS module are as follows:

Bits per second: 9600 BAUD Data bits: 8 Parity: none Stop bits: 1 Flow control: none

The Serial Communications port also serves as the input for the external scan trigger. For more information on externally triggering scans, "Scanning With An External Trigger" on page 18.

For information on changing the boot parameters including the module's Ethernet IP address, see "Operating in Bootloader Mode" on page 85.

ETHERNET COMMUNICATIONS

A DTS4050 has one Ethernet connection, 10/100Base-T with MDIX auto-crossing. This is the primary means of communications with the DTS. All DTS modules use a Conec RJ45-IP67 series connector for the Ethernet connection. This connector offers the ability to use a standard RJ-45 Ethernet cable or, when needed the shield can be installed for a more rugged connection. Shielded Category 5E cable or better is recommended for all Ethernet connections.



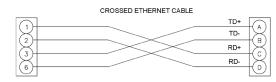


FIGURE 3.2 - 10BASE-T ETHERNET CABLES

Before an Ethernet connection can be established the IP address need to be configured. In order to be compatible, the IP address of the module and host computer must share the first two octets. The third and fourth octets of the IP address is variable, although it is recommended that the third octet also be shared between the host computer and the module.

Example of matching the first three octets (recommended): Host computer: 191.30.80.100 DTS module: 191.30.80.125 Example of matching the first two octets: Host computer: 191.30.1.100 DTS module: 191.30.80.125 The IP address of a Windows XP host computer can be changed under:

Control Panel -> Network Connections -> Local Area Network -> Properties -> Internet Protocol (TCP/IP) -> Properties.

The IP address of a Windows 7 host computer can be changed under:

Control Panel -> Network and Sharing Center -> Local Area Connection -> Properties -> Internet Protocol Version 4 (TCP/IPv4) -> Properties.

DTS modules are shipped with a preset IP address that uses the following format:

DTS4050/16Tx:	191.30.100.xxx
DTS4050/32Tx:	191.30.105.XXX
DTS4050/64Tx:	191.30.110.XXX

Where "XXX" is the last three digits of the unit's serial number.

For information on changing the DTS module's IP address, see "Operating in Bootloader Mode" on page 85.

CLIENT/HOST OPTIONS

Once the module has been connected and the IP address has been configured, communications can be established with the DTS module. Communications can be made through several software packages including:

- PC TCP/IP
- PC UDP
- PC ScanTel (Scanivalve PN: 155406-01)
- PC LabVIEW Configuration Utility (Scanivalve PN: 155384-01)
- PC LabVIEW Development Kit (Scanivalve PN: 155385-01)
- PC OPC Server (Kepware PN: EX5-SCNVE-NA00)
- PC Windows HyperTerminal

PC - TCP/IP

The user may write their own TCP/IP interface using the software specification portion of this manual. This interface should allow the user to:

- Issue commands to any or all DTS modules on the network.
- Display returned information or scan data from the DTS module(s).
- Write returned information or scan data to the client/host in TCP/IP format.
- Determine the addresses of DTS module(s) on the network.

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<u> PC - UDP</u>

The user may write their own UDP interface using the software specification portion of this manual. This interface should allow the user to:

- Issue commands to any or all DTS modules on the network.
- Display returned information or scan data from the DTS module(s).
- Write returned information or scan data to the client/host in UPD format (no handshaking).
- Determine the addresses of DTS module(s) on the network.

PC - SCANTEL

ScanTel a free communications utility designed by Scanivalve to communicate with Scanivalve products including DTS modules. It is a text based, command line program that allows users to connect to a single DTS module and modify the configuration variables, upload or download coefficients and collect data in both TCP/IP and UDP format.

PC - LABVIEW CONFIGURATION UTILITY

The Scanivalve LabVIEW Configuration Utility is software package that offers a very intuitive and simple way to connect to and modify all of the DTS module's configuration variables. It also allows the user the ability to upload a configuration file and scan and collect data. The scanning and data collection is limited to 5Hz due to the graphic nature of the program. The LabVIEW Configuration Utility is based on a LabVIEW 2009 runtime which is included with the installation disk.

PC - LABVIEW DEVELOPMENT KIT

The Scanivalve LabVIEW Development Kit is for users desiring to customize a LabVIEW driver for DTS modules. The Development Kit is compatible with LabVIEW 8.2, 8.6 and 2009. The LabVIEW Configuration Utility is included with the Development Kit.

PC - OPC SERVER

Kepware has written an OPC Server driver to interface a PC running in an OPC environment with a 16 channel DTS module. The OPC server can be ordered directly from Kepware using the part number: EX5-SCNVE-NA00. This program is designed to operate in Windows 2000 or Windows XP.



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PC - HYPERTERMINAL

HyperTerminal is a Windows program included as part of Windows 2000, XP and Vista Operating Systems. This program permits a user to connect to a single DTS module, modify the configuration variables, upload or download coefficients and collect data. HyperTerminal provides a means for both Serial RS-232 and Ethernet connections. It is a text based command line program.

SCANNING

Once the DTS module has been installed, powered up and allowed to thermally stabilize data can be collected. There are several configuration variables that effect how the DTS module scans and how the data is output. The scan rate is controlled by two variables: 'period' and 'average'. Alternately, these two variables can be set automatically using the 'rate' variable. The length of the scan sample is determined by the 'frames per scan' (FPS) variable and the data output format is determined by the 'format' variable. The DTS can be configured for 'free run' mode where after the 'SCAN' command is send the DTS module will scan continuously until the frames per scan (FPS) term is met, or it can be triggered to scan and output data upon receipt of a scan trigger (either external or a software trigger). The following is a brief list of common commands that effect how the DTS collects data.

RATE
PERIOD
TIME
UNITS
XSCANTRIG
TYPE

More information on all of these configuration variables can be found in "Section 5: Software" on page 25.

To initiate scanning, simply send the command: 'SCAN'. If a scan trigger is not being used, data will begin to be output from the DTS module over the Ethernet connection. This data can be collected and recorded using one of the options described in "Client/Host Options" on page 16. If a scan trigger is being used, after the 'SCAN' command is sent one frame of data will be output each time a scan trigger is received.

SCANNING WITH AN EXTERNAL TRIGGER

The DTS module can be triggered to scan with either a hardware or a software trigger. The DTS also incorporates a "trigger divider." This function allows the unit to be paced at a rate slower than the input trigger rate. More information on the trigger input divider can be found in "Scan Trigger (XSCANTRIG)" on page 52.

HARDWARE TRIGGER

The external trigger input is optically isolated to prevent grounding problems. It is a TTL level, edge sensing device. It requires a minimum signal of 4.5 Vdc @ 6.5 mA. It may accept voltages as high as 15 Vdc. The external trigger will only be active if the XSCANTRIG variable is set to 1 or greater. When a 'SCAN' command is issued through the Ethernet connection, the module enters the scan mode and waits for a trigger. The module will return an averaged frame of data for each trigger pulse received. This will continue until the Frames Per Scan (FPS) term is met or until a 'STOP' command is issued. Trigger pulses are received through pins 1 (+Trig) and 2 (-Trig) of the 'Serial Communications/Trigger' connector on the front of the DTS module. More information on the 'Serial Communications/Trigger' connection can be found in "Serial Communications" on page 15.

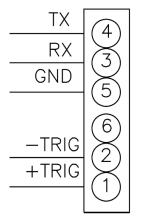


FIGURE 3.5 - TRIGGER WIRING

SOFTWARE TRIGGER

The software trigger will only be active if the software variable XSCANTRIG is set to 1 or greater. When a SCAN command is issued through the Ethernet connection, the module will enter the SCAN mode and wait for a trigger. An averaged frame of data will be output as soon as the TRIG command or a <TAB> character (9 HEX or Control I) is received. Data will be output with each successive trigger command. This will continue until the Frames Per Scan (FPS) variable value is met, or until a STOP command is issued.

DIP SWITCH SETTINGS

The processor board has 4 DIP switches that affect the operation of the software. These switches are only read at power up. Changes to the dip switches are not effective until the power is cycled.

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- SW1 When this switch is off, the application automatically boots on power up. When this switch is on, the DTS4050 remains in the bootloader mode. Default is on.
- SW2 When this switch is off, the boot loader will run in the debug mode. Debug output is directed to the serial port. Default is on.
- SW3 This switch sets the device type for the bootloader. Off is for a DTS, on is for a DSA.
- SW4 Spare.

"Figure 3.6 - DIP Switches" shows the DTS4050 end cover removed and the location of the DIP switches on the processor board. For all DIP switches, "on" is away from the board, towards the bottom of the DTS.

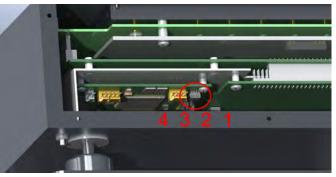


FIGURE 3.6 - DIP SWITCHES

DSP BOOT LOADER

The Scanivalve DSP Boot Loader permits a user to upload the DTS4050 application via FTP. The boot loader runs the FTP server. It has been tested on Mozilla 'FileZilla' and Windows Explorer drag and drop. Any additional file transfer protocols or additional FTP client support modification will be made solely to the application. For more information on bootloader operation, refer to "Operating in Bootloader Mode" on page 85.

<u>FTP</u>

The FTP server supports the following FTP commands prior to login:

- USER Allows the user to enter the user's name. Anonymous is allowed.
- PASS Allows the user to enter the password.
- QUIT Disconnects from the FTP server.

The FTP server supports the following FTP commands after



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login:

- RETR Initiates a file transfer from the DTS to the host. STOR - Initiates a file transfer from the host to the DTS. PASV - Sets up data port so client can connect to server port.
- LIST Returns a directory listing of the files stored on the DTS.
- SIZE Returns the size in bytes of the file.
- DELE Deletes the file.
- NOOP No operation. Mostly used by the client as an "are you still there" command.

ASCII format transfers are the only supported transfer typ. Passive data connections are the only supported connection type. This allows data to be transferred without the server initiating a connection to the client. This could caus firewall problems.

BOOT LOADER AND APPLICATION FILE SYSTEM

Filenames are limited to the 8.3 format with no spaces allowed. Only one drive is supported. Because the DTS405 does not have a time and date clock, all files created will have a date of Aug 8, 2008. No subdirectories are supported, however, if a file path is included in the file specification only the file name portion is used. The file wi be written in the root directory of the drive. The disk drive will hold a maximum of 1024 files, or 2GB of data.

HOST COMMUNICATION

Commands are issued to the DTS4050 and response is returned via either the Ethernet port or the Config port. The boot loader returns the command information to the host that it received its command. That is, when the command is received from the network it is returned to the network. When it is received from the serial port, it is returned to the serial port. The SCAN function is not supported in Config/Serial operation. The network supports TCP/IP connection using Telnet or HyperTerminal.

COMMANDS

When a command is complete, the prompt character, the greater than character ">", is output proceeded by a carriage return and line feed.

The commands listed below are supported by the boot loader and the executable program, unless otherwise noted. They may be viewed and modified in the DTS4050 executable program.

VER - Returns the version of the Boot Loader. NOTE: This command is specific to the boot loader only. It should not be confused with the VER command in the application.

FDISK - Formats the Flash to all O's. NOTE: This



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SECTION 3: INSTALLATION & OPERATION

	command is available in the boot loader only. LIST IP - Returns the settings of the IP group. This com-
	mand is explained in detail in the software manual.
r's	SET <parameter> - Set the indicated parameter.</parameter>
13	IPADD <ip address=""> - Sets the IP address of the DTS. If</ip>
he	the IPADD is changed, the power must be cycled to
ile	take effect.
	SUBNET <mask> - Sets the subnet address of the DTS. If</mask>
	the SUBNET is changed, the power must be cycled to
	take effect.
	MAC <mac address=""> - Sets the MAC address for the</mac>
	DTS. If the MAC is changed, the power must be cycled
e.	to take effect.
с.	LOGIN <user name=""> - Sets the user name for FTP login.</user>
	PASSWORD <pre>password> - Sets the password associated</pre>
se	for LOGIN.
	LOGIN1 <user name=""> - Sets the user name 1 for FTP</user>
	login.
	PASSWORD1 <password> Sets the password asso-</password>
	ciated for LOGIN name1.
50	LOGINNAS <name> - Sets the name for login to the NAS.</name>
	The boot loader does not access the NAS (Network
	Attached Storage) device. This is a place holder in this
	group for compatibility with the IP group in the applica-
rill	tion.
е	PASSWORDNAS <password> - Sets the password associ-</password>
	ated with LOGINNAS name.
	IPADDNAS <ip address=""> - Set the IP address of the NAS</ip>
	APP <application file="" name=""> - Sets the file name of the</application>
	application to run. This is the file name that is used
	when automatically running the application from the
	boot loader. It is also the file name used when using
•	the RUN command. If this file is not found, an error is returned.
	SAVE [<file name="">] - Saves the configuration variables to</file>
	the working directory. When an optional file name is
	entered, it saves the IP group settings to that file name.
	TYPE <file name=""> - Types the contents of the file name.</file>
	LOAD <file name=""> - Loads the file name into the LIST IP</file>
	configuration variables.
	DIR - Lists the file on the FLASH chip.
	DEL <file name=""> - Deletes the file name.</file>
	DIP - Reads and shows the settings of the DIP switches.
	The following is returned: "DIP settings Auto Run
	Application 0 Debug 0 No Serial Host 0 Spare 0" where
	1 indicates on, 0 indicates off. NOTE: This command is
	available in the boot loader only.
	RUN - Runs the application named in the SET APP set-
	ting. NOTE: This command is available in the boot
	loader only.

SECTION 3: INSTALLATION & OPERATION

IEEE-1588 PTP

The DTS4050 has a hardware supported slave implementation of the Precision Time Protocol defined by IEEE 1588-2008, otherwise known as PTP V2. This protocol is used to synchronize the DTS4050 internal clock over the Ethernet network.

The primary function of the PTP is to accurately schedule the DTS4050 acquisition and timestamp the data it transmits. It can also be used to timestamp an external trigger, such as an IRIG-B pulse rate signal.

The DTS4050 may be configured to start an acquisition at a future date and time. When a SCAN command is received, the DTS4050 schedules an event for the first frame and calculates the times of the subsequent frames of data based on the RATE setting. By configuring them identically, a number of DTS4050 units may be configured to start acquiring data synchronously.

The DTS4050 may also be configured to start an acquisition at a date and time in the past. This will cause the DTS4050 to start acquiring data at the next calculated time interval specified by the start time and RATE setting. For example, if the DTS4050 is configured with a start time of 9:00:00 today, and a very slow rate of one reading per minute, it will take data at an even one minute absolute time. If a SCAN command is received at 10:00:30, it will start taking data at 10:01:00.

There are practical limits to consider when using a scan start time that has passed. If the DTS4050 is configured with a start time at the beginning of the Epoch (1970/1/1 at midnight) it must calculate the time of the next frame over a very long span, resulting in significant rounding errors. The interval between readings and the accuracy of the time stamp will not be affected, but the data may not be taken at the expected absolute time. The solution is to specify a more recently passed start time.

The DTS4050 timestamps the data in either ASCII or binary data formats, when PTP is enabled. In addition, the binary packet includes the elapsed time since the last update from the grandmaster. From this, the user can detect when and if the grandmaster has gone offline. The user may enter an offset to adjust the PTP to reflect local time and/or adjust for leap seconds. The DTS4050 does not automatically adjust for leap seconds, but it does have a command to extract and display the leap second field of the PTP packets sent by the grandmaster. The format of the DTS4050 data packets can be found in "DTS Packet Definitions" on page 73.

The DTS4050 can output status information about the control loop that synchronizes the internal clock with the grandmaster. A line of data is output corresponding to each update from the grandmaster. The offset from master (OFM) is a good measure of how well the DTS4050 is synchronized with the grandmaster. For a complete explanation of the PTP status output see "List Precision Time Protocol" on page 39 and "Precision Time Protocol Variables (LIST PTP)" on page 61.

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SECTION 4: HARDWARE

ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

ETHERNET CONNECTION

A DTS4050 has one Ethernet connection, 10/100Base-T with MDIX auto-crossing. This is the primary means of communications with the DTS. All DTS modules use a Conec RJ45-IP67 series connector for the Ethernet connection. This connector offers the ability to use a standard RJ-45 Ethernet cable or, when needed the shield can be installed for a more rugged connection. The bulkhead end of the connector is a Conec P/N: 17-101754 and the mating protective shell (optional) is a Conec P/N: 17-101794. The pinout of the connector is as follows:

Pin	Description
1	TD+
2	TD-
3	RD+
4	RD-

Shielded Category 5E cable or better is recommended for all Ethernet connections. More information on the Ethernet connection can be found in "Ethernet Communications" on page 16.

TRIGGER/CONFIG CONNECTION

The external trigger/serial configuration connection on the DTS4050 serves a dual purpose. It is used primarily as an input source for a trigger signal, but can also be used to establish a serial connection with the unit in case an Ethernet connection cannot be established. The bulkhead connector used on the DTS is a Bendix JTO2RE8-6P, with the mate being a Bendix JTO1RE8-6S-SR. The pinout of the connector is as follows:

Pin	Description
1	+Trig
2	-Trig
3	TXD
4	RXD
5	Ground

More information on the external trigger can be found in "Scanning With An External Trigger" on page 18. Information on when and how to use the serial connection can be found in "Serial Communications" on page 15.



POWER CONNECTION

The Power connection on the DTS4050 is a Bendix PTO2A-8-3P, with the mate being a Bendix PTO6A-8-3S-SR. The pinout of the connector is as follows:

Pin	Description
1	28VDC Return
2	+28V
3	Ground

The DTS4050 accepts input voltages ranging from 18-36VDC. Nominal power consumption is as follows:

DTS4050/32Tx: .60A @ 28Vdc

If an optional heater is installed, it is powered directly through the power connection with the unit power. It is the user's responsibility to ensure that sufficient power is provided to the unit in order for proper function.

Section 4: Hardware

THERMOCOUPLE INPUTS

SCREW TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

Standard configuration for 16, 32 and 64 channel DTS4050 modules is with screw terminal terminations for the thermocouple inputs. Thermocouples are terminated at the DTS4050 with #6x32 brass screws into the UTR block. Each input provides a +, - and a ground lug. The ground lug for each input is independently isolated. The DTS4050 has an internal, software controlled shield connection switch that can be configured by the operator to support a variety of thermocouple grounding scenarios. See "Thermocouple Type (TYPE)" on page 66 for more information on the shielding configurations supported.



FIGURE 4.1 - SCREW TERMINAL CONNECTIONS

PANEL JACK CONNECTIONS

16 and 32 channel DTS4050 modules may have panel jacks installed as an option. Panel jacks provide a very user-friendly interface for the thermocouple inputs. The DTS4050 panel jack option uses Omega TPJ series connectors. These are compatible with standard size OTP type, 3-prong connectors. This option is available for type E, J, K, and T Thermocouples only. This option reduces the overall accuracy of the module by a factor of two. This error may be calibrated out by the user using the Gain and Offset terms. Unused panel jacks must be plugged to prevent "cold spots" on the UTR which will cause errors.



FIGURE 4.2 - PANEL JACK CONNECTIONS (32TX SHOWN)

INSULATION COVER (SCREW TERMINAL)

Screw terminal DTS modules are provided with an insulating cover. This cover is used to insulate to UTR and maintain a stable reference temperature. It also serves as a strain relief for the thermocouples. Any time it is possible/ practical, the cover should be used. DTS4050/16Tx units have an integral hinged cover while 32Tx and 64Tx unit have a removable cover. It can be easily removed by loosening the four 1/4"x20 lock nuts and lifting the cover off vertically. A minimum of 2.5" of vertical clearance above the cover is required to remove it. When reinstalling the cover, slide it in place (with the pinch bars outside of the cover), firmly press down on the cover and tighten the four lock nuts.

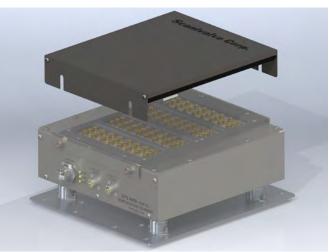


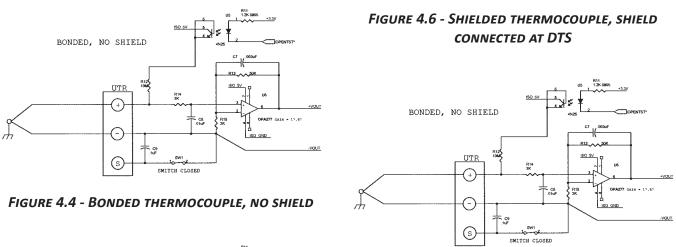
FIGURE 4.3 - INSULATING COVER (32TX SHOWN)

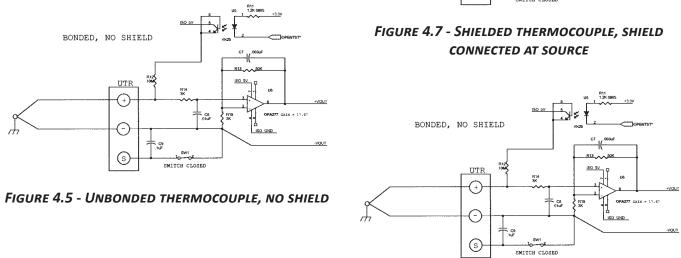
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THERMOCOUPLE GROUNDING SCENARIOS

DTS4050 modules provide input for shielded thermocouple wires and as such, can support multiple different thermocouple grounding scenarios. A software controlled shield connection switch is integrated into each input channel and can be individually set for each channel. The TYPE variable is used to determine whether the switch is open or closed. See "Thermocouple Type (TYPE)" on page 66 for more information about the software command. The following five grounding scenarios are supported by the DTS4050:









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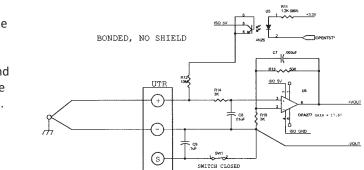


FIGURE 4.8 - UNTERMINATED PROBE THERMOCOUPLE

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SECTION 5: SOFTWARE

DTS CONTROL AND CONFIGURATION

The operation of the DTS is controlled by sending comcast packets and return information about each DTS. This mands to each unit in the form of an ASCII string is useful in determining the IP address, and other informaterminated by a CR or LF character. The DTS receives these tion, of each DTS on a network. commands over an Ethernet or serial physical interface. The DTS Ethernet server receives commands via TCP using All commands supported in the Telnet server are also supthe Telnet port 23. The serial interface is fixed to receive ported by the UDP ID server. Command line terminators are and transmit at 9600 baud, full duplex, no parity and 8 data the same as required by the Telnet server. bits.

The UDP ID server receives commands on port 7000. In general, commands do one of the following: 1) Configure Information is returned on port 7001. Formatted and unforthe DTS, 2) Return information about the DTS, or 3) Return matted scan data is not output over the UDP ID server. For temperature data. more information about data routing see the Data Transfer section.

Commands that configure the DTS do not return any information. Some commands that take longer to execute put the DTS into a mode until the command is complete.

Commands that return information about the DTS transmit that information back to the same device that requested it over the same physical interface. The term information is used to describe what the DTS returns as the result of nonscan commands. This information is always sent as ASCII strings with each line terminated with a CR or LF.

Commands that return temperature data cause the DTS to go into a Scan Mode. The term "data" is used to describe DATA TRANSFER temperature data read as the result of a scan command. Scan data is routed to different devices based on the con-Depending on the configuration, the data may be returned figuration of the DTS. Some configurations are not allowed in ASCII formatted with VT100 control characters, ASCII and produce errors. Refer to the chart below for the variunformatted, or as binary packets. Binary data transfers are ous output data routing. delivered across an additional binary transfer port in either UDP or TCP.

TCP TELNET SERVER

The DTS supports a Telnet server on port 23. Commands are received and transmitted according to the Telnet specification. All commands must be terminated properly with one of four options. The DTS will detect and adjust to the termination option being used.

The four options are: CR (ASCII 13) LF (ASCII 10) LF-CR (ASCII 10 - ASCII 13) CR-LF (ASCII 13 - ASCII 10)

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UDP ID SERVER

The purpose of the UDP ID server is to respond to broad-

SERIAL COMMANDS

Commands may be transmitted to the DTS via a serial RS-232 interface. All commands supported in the Telnet server are also supported by the serial interface. Command line terminators are the same as required by the Telnet server.

Formatted and unformatted scan data is not output over the serial interface. For more information about data routing see the Data Transfer section.

Command Source

TCP / Telnet

TCP / Telnet (Scan)

TCP / Telnet (Scan)

TCP / Telnet (Scan)

Serial

Serial (Scan)

UDP ID (Port 7000)

UDP ID (Port 7000)

(Scan)

DTS 4050 COMMAND AND DATA OUTPUT MATRIX

Command Output

TCP / Telnet

Serial

ERROR

UDP ID (Port 7000)

ERROR

Data Output

TCP / Telnet

TCP to host <IP>

UDP to host <IP>

Bin

Х

0

1

1

Х

Х

Х

Х

Host

Х

Х

<IP>T

<IP>U

Х

Х

Х

Х

DTS4050

Comment

Command returned to Telnet

ASCII Data to Telnet

Binary TCP Data to IP Address

Binary UDP Data to IP Address

Command returned to Serial Port

Serial data not supported

ID Server command back to ID Client

ID Server data not supported

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COMMAND LIST

A/D CALIBRATION	
Command	A/D CALIBRATION
Command Syntax	ADCAL
Arguments	None
Description	Commands the DTS to calibrate matically at power up and whe errors in the conversion if the t up. In this case, the A/D conve
Returns	<nl> - end of line</nl>
Example	To calibrate the A/D converters would be issued:
	ADCAL <cr></cr>
	The A/D converters will be cali CALAVG is set to 1, the time wi several minutes.
Notes	It is recommended that a user A/D times out or does not resp be logged. The error log is the

<u>Auto Status</u>

Command	AUTOSTATUS
Command Syntax	AUTOSTATUS <enable> AS <enable> (OPTIONAL)</enable></enable>
Arguments	Enable - 0 or 1
Description	If autostatus enable is set to 1, ever the status changes. When command. The condition at pow
Returns	<nl> - end of line</nl>
Example	To enable automatic output of
	AUTOSTATUS 1
	To disable automatic output of
	AUTOSTATUS 0
Notes	AUTOTATUS was not set up as a tions where the DTS would be t An optional syntax is available.

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SECTION 5: SOFTWARE

te the A/D converters. The A/D converters are calibrated autoenever the period configuration variable is set. It is possible for temperature of the DTS has changed significantly since power erters can be calibrated by issuing this command.

rs after several hours of operation, the following command

librated. The time depends upon the setting of CALAVG. If vill be several seconds. If CALAVG is set to 64 this can require

check for A/D errors after the execution of this command. If an pond correctly, it will be disabled in software and an error will only indication that this has occurred.

., the DTS will automatically output the status of the DTS whenn set to 0, status can only be determined by issuing a STATUS ower up and after a reboot is AUTOSTATUS disabled.

f the DTS status, the following command would be issued:

f the DTS status, the following command would be issued:

a configuration variable that could be saved to prevent conditalking on a network when it was not expected to be talking. . Either syntax will enable or disable Autostatus.

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BOOTLOADER VERSION

Command	BOOTLOADER VERSION
Command Syntax	BLVER
Arguments	None
Description	Requests the version of the DTS4050 bootloader
Returns	<version string=""><nl></nl></version>
Example	To determine the version of DTS4050 bootloader software in use, type: BLVER <cr> The DTS module will return: Bootloader Version: 1.00</cr>

<u>CLEAR</u>

Command	CLEAR
Command Syntax	CLEAR
Arguments	None
Description	Commands the DTS to clear any errors that have occurred. The errors are sent to the client in an ASCII Packet. ASCII Packets are described in a subsequent sections.
Returns	<nl> - end of line</nl>
Example	To clear any errors listed in the ERROR Buffer, type: CLEAR <cr></cr>
	The ERROR buffer will be cleared

CLOSE HOST BINARY SERVER CONNECTION

Command	CLOSE HOST BINARY SERVER CONNECTION
Command Syntax	CLOBIN
Arguments	None
Description	Commands the DTS to close the connection to the Host Binary Server. This command will only be accepted by the DTS when the DTS is in the READY mode.
Returns	<nl> - end of line</nl>
Example	To close the connection to the Host Binary Server, type: CLOBIN <cr></cr>
	The connection will be terminated

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<u>CONNECT TO HOST BINARY SERVER</u>	
Command	CONNECT TO HOST BINARY SER
Command Syntax	CONBIN
Arguments	None
Description	Commands the DTS to connect figuration variable. If the DTS is an Error will be generated. This mode.
Returns	<nl> - end of line</nl>
Example	EXAMPLE 1 A DTS is not connected to a serv CONBIN command is generated The DTS will be connected to th EXAMPLE 2 A DTS is not connected to a serv command is generated to open
	The DTS will not connect to the EXAMPLE 3 A DTS is not connected to a serv command is generated to open The DTS will not connect to the

CORRECT RTD VOLTAGE TABLES

CONNECT MID VOLIAGE IAD	
Command	CORRECT RTD VOLTAGE TABLES
Command Syntax	ARPC <reference temperature<="" th=""></reference>
Arguments	Reference Temperature - The in Board - The RTD to be correcte
Description	This command calculates the v value and the voltage value of lated value is stored in the ARF will be used to correct the boa is applied to the RTDs. The ARF installed. Board values outside
Returns	<nl> - end of line</nl>
Example	To calculate a correction for bo degrees C: Type: ARPC 29.95 1 <enter></enter>
Notes	This command will update the command is issued. Scanivalve ated is valid before issuing a SA lost if power is cycled before a



SECTION 5: SOFTWARE

RVER

t to the Host Binary Server configured through the HOST conis in the UDP mode or if a TCP connection is already established, is command will only be accepted when the DTS is in the READY

erver, is not in the UDP mode and is in the READY mode. A ed to open a connection to the Host. Type: CONBIN <CR> the Host.

erver, is in the UDP mode and is in the READY mode. A CONBIN n a connection to the Host. Type: CONBIN <CR> Ne Host and an Error will be generated.

erver, is in the UDP mode and is in the SCAN mode. A CONBIN n a connection to the Host. Type: CONBIN <CR> Ne Host and an Error will be generated.

S

e> <RTD number>

indicated temperature of the standard RTD. ed. (1 to 8)

voltage difference, in microvolts between the Reference RTD of the RTDs in the board set entered in the command. The calcu-RPC variable for that board set. If ARPCON is set to 1, this value oard set RTD voltages before the Calander Van-Dusen correction RPC command may only be entered for the number of board sets le the allowed number will result in an error.

oard 1 in a 16 channel module when the reference RTD is 29.95

ARPC variables, but the data will not be saved until a SAVE corp recommends that a user verify that the correction gener-AVE command. The values stored in the ARPC variables will be SAVE command is executed.

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ENTER CHANNEL CALIBRATION SETPOINTS

Command	ENTER CHANNEL CALIBRATION SETPOINTS
Command Syntax	PT <index> <volts> [channel]</volts></index>
Arguments	Index - The setpoint number, 0 to 7 for setpoints 1 to 8. Volts - The applied voltage. Channel - Optional: If not specified the setpoint voltage will be applied to all channels.
Description	This command syntax is only used when NUMTEMPS is set to 0. This command enters the voltage correction to be applied at a given setpoint for one or more channels. The values for the setpoints do not have specific limitations.
Returns	<nl> - end of line</nl>
Example	To enter a value for setpoint 1 for all channels, type: PT 1 1.256 <enter> To enter a value for setpoint 2 for channel 9, type: PT 2 1.744 9<enter></enter></enter>
Notes	This command syntax is used only if NUMTEMPS is set to 0. The value of NUMTEMPS MUST NOT be modified by an end user without detailed and specific training from Scanivalve Corp. If the value of NUMTEMPS is modified after the unit has been calibrated, ALL current calibration coefficients will be LOST.

ENTER RTD CALIBRATION SETPOINTS

Command	ENTER RTD CALIBRATION SETPOINTS	
Command Syntax	RPC <index> <volts> <board></board></volts></index>	
Arguments	 Index - The setpoint number, 0 to 7 for setpoints 1 to 8. Volts - The applied voltage. Board - The A/D board, 1, 2, 3 or 4 	
Description	This command enters the voltage correction to be applied at a given setpoint for the RTD=s. The values for the setpoints must be between 0.095 Vdc and 0.131 Vdc which represents tem- peratures from -13 " C to 80 " C . The voltage for board 1 must be inserted in the RTD1 input. The voltage for board 2 must be inserted in the RTD3 input. The voltage for board 3 must be inserted in the RTD5 input. The voltage for board 4 must be inserted in the RTD7 input.	
Returns	<nl> - end of line</nl>	
Example	To enter a value for setpoint 1 for the RTD=s on board 2, type: RPC 1 0.095 2 <enter></enter>	
	To enter a value for setpoint 2 for the RTD=s on board 1, type: RPC 2 0.998 1 <enter></enter>	

Error	
Command	ERROR
Command Syntax	ERROR
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the errors that are stored a If more than 72 errors have occ appear at the end of the list.
Returns	A list of errors in the following ERROR: error ERROR: error ERROR: error
Example	To read the contents of the Error The DTS will return the last 72 of ERROR: QPKTS not 0 ERROR: Set parameter f ERROR: Set parameter of ERROR: Invalid commar ERROR: AllowAnon valu ERROR: AllowAnon valu ERROR: Invalid commar If no errors have been logged, t ERROR: No errors

<u>FILL</u>

FILL
FILL
None
Activates the setpoint data. If se at power-up. A FILL can be exec
<nl> - end of line</nl>
To execute a FILL and activate t

<u>GET PTP TIME</u>

Command	GET PTP TIME
Command Syntax	GETTIME
Arguments	None
Description	Gets the current PTP time as us
Returns	Time string in the format: Current Time year/mor
Example	To execute a GETTIME, type:
	Returns: Current Time 2013/8/1

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and listed after a CLEAR. Only the first 72 errors will be listed. ccurred, the message: AERROR: Max Errors exceeded @will

g format:

ror Buffer, type:

ERROR<Enter>

errors in the format:

PPER invalid CLKOUT invalid and st lue not 0 or 1 lue not found and ist

, the DTS will return:

setpoints are configured, a FILL will be executed automatically ecuted manually at any time.

the setpoints, type: FILL<CR>

used by the DTS. Time is adjusted by UTCOFFSET.

nth/day hour:minute:seconds sec xxxxxxxxx ns xxxxxxxxx GETTIME<CR>

15 18:3:55.0 sec 1376589835 ns 633723603

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GET UTC OFFSET

<u>der ore orrser</u>	
Command	GET UTC OFFSET
Command Syntax	GETUTCO
Arguments	None
Description	Gets the current UTC offset.
Returns	The current UTC offset in seconds, UTC updated flag and Set when UTC offset is valid in the format: Current UTC Offset <seconds> <update> <valid></valid></update></seconds>
Example	To execute a GETUTCO, type: GETUTCO <cr> Returns: Current UTC Offset 0 1 0</cr>

HOST BINARY SERVER COMMAND

Command	HOST BINARY SERVER COMMAND	
Command Syntax	HOST <command/>	
Arguments	Command - An ASCII command that would be recognized by the Host Binary Server.	
Description	This command will pass a Host Binary Server command through the DTS to the Host Binary Server	
Returns	<nl> - end of line</nl>	

ICE POINT OFFSET ADJUSTMENT

Command	ICE POINT OFFSET ADJUSTMENT
Command Syntax	IPO <start channel=""> <end channel=""></end></start>
Arguments	<start channel=""> - the first channel to be adjusted. <end channel=""> - the last channel to be adjusted</end></start>
Description	Commands the DTS to calculate and adjust the offset settings for the channels specified. If an end channel is not specified, only the start channel will be modified. This command assumes that 0 degrees C is applied to the specified channels. A SAVE command must be issued when this command is completed to make the changes permanent
Returns	<nl> - end of line</nl>

Command	LIST BOOTLOADER GROUP VAR
Command Syntax	LIST IP
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the variables for the boot
Returns	SET IPADD <var> SET SUBNET <var> SET SUBNET <var> SET MAC <var> SET LOGIN <var> SET PASSWORD <var> SET LOGIN1 <var> SET PASSWORD1 <var> SET ALLOWANON <var <var="" app="" set=""> SET GW <var></var></var></var></var></var></var></var></var></var></var>
	<var> - variable</var>
Example	To view the current Bootloade The DTS4050 will return the cu- lows: SET IPADD 191.30.41.1 SET SUBNET 255.255.0 SET MAC 000.096.093. SET LOGIN Scanivalve SET PASSWORD Scanne SET LOGIN1 Scanivalve SET PASSWORD1 Scanne SET ALLOWANON 1 SET ALLOWANON 1 SET APP Dts4000.hex SET GW 10.0.0.1
Notes	The variables in this group are saved by using the SAVEIP com

LIST CALIBRATION

Command	LIST CALIBRATION
Command Syntax	LIST C
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the calibration configurati
Returns	SET NUMCOEF <var> SET NUMPTS <var> SET CALAVG <var> SET NUMTEMP <var> <var> - variable</var></var></var></var></var>
Example	To view the calibration configu The DTS will return the calibrat SET NUMCOEF 3 SET NUMPTS 8 SET CALAVG 4 SET NUMTEMP 0

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RIABLES

tloader configuration from the Group IP.



er Group variable settings, type: LIST IP <CR> current bootloader variable settings, The could appear as fol-

104 0.0 3.400.000.103

ner ve1 nner1

NOT saved when a SAVE command is issued. They may be only nmand.

tion variables.

uration variable settings, type: LIST C<CR> ation configuration variable settings, such as:

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LIST CHANNEL CORRECTION SETPOINTS (MULTI-TEMPERATURE CALIBRATION)

T CHANNEL CORRECTION	I <u>SETPOINTS</u>
Command	LIST CHANNEL CORRECTION SETPOINTS
Command Syntax	LIST P <channel></channel>
Arguments	Channel - is any valid channel number from 0 to 16, 32 or 64 depending on the module type.
Description	Lists the calibration setpoints for the channel listed. If channel 0 is specified, the setpoints for all channels will be listed.
Returns	SET PT 1 0 <var1> <var2> SET PT 1 1 <var1> <var2> SET PT 1 2 <var1> <var2> SET PT 1 3 <var1> <var2> SET PT 1 4 <var1> <var2> SET PT 1 5 <var1> <var2> SET PT 1 6 <var1> <var2> SET PT 1 7 <var1> <var2></var2></var1></var2></var1></var2></var1></var2></var1></var2></var1></var2></var1></var2></var1></var2></var1>
	<var> - variable</var>
Example	To view the calibration setpoints for channel 1: Type: LIST P 1 <cr></cr>
	The DTS returns: SET PT 1 0 -0.010000 -275283 SET PT 1 1 0.000000 1288 SET PT 1 2 0.012000 333064
	SET PT 1 3 0.024000 664759 SET PT 1 4 0.036000 996312 SET PT 1 5 0.048000 1327909 SET PT 1 6 0.060000 1659352 SET PT 1 7 0.070000 1935411
Notes	The values shown here are values a typical one module. The actual calibration setpoints in a different module may be different. This syntax is used only when NUMTEMPS is set to 0.

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IST CHANNEL CORRECTION SETFORMIS [MOLTI-TEMPERATORE	
Command	LIST CHANNEL CORRECTION SE
Command Syntax	LIST P [<type> <chan board=""> <</chan></type>
Arguments	Type - T/C or RTD Chan/board - A single channe chanend chan. Temp - a single temp, a range
Description	 Lists the calibration setpoints v 1. If no variables are specifilisted. 2. If only T or R is specified, 3. If T or R and chan/board RTDs will be specified. 4. If T or R and chan/board and a single temperature of the specificat and the specificat and the specificat and the specificat and the single temperature of the specificat and the single temperature of the specificat and the specificat and the specificat and the specificat and the single temperature of the specificat and the specificat and
Example	To view the calibration setpoin The DTS returns: SET PT 1 0 -0.010000 -2
Notes	The values shown here are valu different module may be differ

LIST CHANNEL DEFINITIONS

Command	LIST CHANNEL DEFINITIONS
Command Syntax	LIST DEF <channel></channel>
Arguments	Channel - is a valid channel nu
Description	Lists the channel definitions fo time because of the size of the 2048 bytes
Example	To view the calibration setpoin The DTS returns: SET DEF 1 < ASCII String

LIST CONFIGURATION VARIABLES

Command	LIST CONFIGURATION VARIABLI
Command Syntax	LIST A
Arguments	None
Description	Lists all of the configuration var
Example	To view or log the configuration The DTS will return all configura



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ETPOINTS (Multi-Temperature Calibration)

<temp>]

el, 1 to 64 for T/C or 1 to 4 for RTD. A range of channels; start

e of temperature indexes; start temp..end temp.

with the following conditions: fied, the setpoints for all T/C and RTD channels will be

I, all T/C or all RTD channels will be listed. If are specified, a single channel or range of channels for T/Cs or

and temp are specified, a single channel or range of channels, or range of temperatures

nts for RTD channel 1 at 23 degrees C, type: LIST P R 1 23<CR>

275283

lues a typical one module. The actual calibration setpoints in a rent.

This syntax is used only when NUMTEMPS is set to 1 or greater.

umber 1 through 64, depending on the module type.

or the specified channel. Only one channel may be specified at a e returned ASCII string. The definition for each channel may be

nts for channel 1, type: LIST DEF 1<CR>

ng up to 2048 bytes>

LES

ariables including calibration coefficients.

on variables, type: LIST A<CR> ration variables.

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LIST FILES

LIST FILES	
Command	LIST FILES
Command Syntax	DIR
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the data files stored in the DTS4050 folder on the DTS4050 system flash chip.
Example	To list all data files stored on the DTS4050 system computer drive, type: DIRFILE <cr> The DTS will return a file list, typically similar to: -rw-rr 11 217 Aug 1 2008 ip.cfg -rw-rr 11 340999 Aug 1 2008 DTS4000.BIT -rw-rr 11 610058 Aug 1 2008 Dts4000.hex -rw-rr 11 221 Aug 1 2008 ptp.cfg -rw-rr 11 25 Aug 1 2008 hw.cfg</cr>

<u>LIST GAIN</u>

Command	LIST GAIN
Command Syntax	LIST G
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the thermocouple gain correction assigned to the channel listed.
Example	To view the thermocouple gain settings in a 16 channel module, type: LIST G <cr> The DTS will return all of the thermocouple gain settings. They could appear as follows. SET GAIN 1 1.11 SET GAIN 2 1.01 SET GAIN 3 0.98</cr>

LIST IDENTIFICATION	
Command	LIST IDENTIFICATION
Command Syntax	LIST I
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the IDENTIFICATION config
Example	To verify the general module con The DTS will return: SET ECHO 0 SET AUTOCON 0 SET HOST 0 0 T SET HOSTCMD 0 SET TCMAXSLEW 50000 SET RTDMAXSLEW 6400 SET TITLE1 DTS4050/321 SET TITLE2 Version 1.00 SET PORT 0

LIST LABELS

Command	LIST LABELES
Command Syntax	LIST LA
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the user-definable channe
Example	To view the channel labels, typ The DTS will return: SET LABEL 1 T/C1 SET LABEL 2 T/C2 SET LABEL 3 T/C3 : : : : : : : : SET LABEL 1 T/C14 SET LABEL 14 T/C14 SET LABEL 15 T/C15 SET LABEL 16 T/C16





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figuration variables.		
configuration settings, type:	LIST I <cr></cr>	
00		
000		
32Tx		
00		

el labels.

pe: LIST LA<CR>

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<u>List Limits</u>	
Command	LIST LIMITS
Command Syntax	LIST LI
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the channel high and low limits for alarms
Example	To verify the channel limit settings for a 16 channel module, type: LIST LI <cr> The DTS will return: SET LIMIT 1 1 500.00 -50.00 SET LIMIT 2 1 500.00 -50.00 SET LIMIT 3 1 500.00 -50.00</cr>

LIST NETWORK IDENTIFICATION

Command	LIST IDENTIFICATION
Command Syntax	LIST ID
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the MODULE NETWORK IDENTIFICATION configuration variables to support the Network ID command.
Example	To verify the Network Identification configuration settings, type: LIST ID <cr> The DTS will return: SET IPADD <ip address=""> SET MODEL <model channels=""> SET SERNUM <serial number=""> SET VER <firmware version=""></firmware></serial></model></ip></cr>
Notes	The variable VER are listed to display current setting only. It cannot be changed by the user from the LIST ID group. The variable IPADD will only be saved after the SAVEIP command is sent. The SAVE command will not save the IPADD variable.

<u>LIST OFFSET</u>	
Command	LIST OFFSET
Command Syntax	LIST O
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the thermocouple offset of values are A/D counts.
Example	To view all of the thermocouple The DTS will return the thermo SET OFFSET 1 120 SET OFFSET 2 77 SET OFFSET 3 78 : : : : : : : : SET OFFSET 1 120 SET OFFSET 14 124 SET OFFSET 15 81 SET OFFSET 16 25

LIST PRECISION TIME PROTOCOL

Command	LIST PRECISION TIME PROTOCO
Command Syntax	LIST PTP
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the variables related to th
Example	To view all of the PTP settings, The DTS will return the current SET PTPEN 0 SET TUNE 10 0.500000 SET SLL 1 SET STAT 0 SET SST 0:0:0.000000 SET SSD 1971/1/1 SET UC 1 SET INTERVAL 100000 SET ADJDRIFT 100 1000 SET UTCOFFSET 00:00:
Notes	The variables in this group are saved by using the SAVEPTP cc



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correction assigned to the channel specified. The OFFSET

le offset settings in a 16 channel module, type: LIST O <CR> ocouple offset settings. They could appear as follows:

COL

the Group PTP, Precision Time Protocol.

, type: LIST PTP<CR> t PTP settings. They typically appear as follows.

500000 5

0000 :00

NOT saved when a SAVE command is issued. They may be only command.

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LIST RTD CORRECTION VALUES

Command	LIST RTD CORRECTION VALUES
Command Syntax	LIST RPC <board></board>
Arguments	Board - The A/D board 1, 2, 3 or 4
Description	Lists the RTD correction values
Example	This command is used to verify the RTD correction values for each A/D board. To view the RTD correction values for A/D board 3, type: LIST RPC 3 <cr> The DTS will return: SET RPC 3 0 0.095000 1271278 SET RPC 3 1 0.100000 1338897 SET RPC 3 2 0.105000 1406643 SET RPC 3 2 0.105000 1406643 SET RPC 3 3 0.110000 1474311 SET RPC 3 4 0.115000 1542011 SET RPC 3 5 0.120000 1609718 SET RPC 3 6 0.125000 1677418 SET RPC 3 7 0.131000 1758718</cr>
Notes	The values shown here are values for a standard module. The actual calibration setpoints for another module may be different.

LIST RTD CONVERSION VALUES

Command	LIST RTD CONVERSION VALUES
Command Syntax	LIST RTDP
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the RTD conversion values for all RTD channels. There will be two values for a 16 channel module, 4 values for a 32 channel module and 8 values for a 64 channel module
Example	This command is used to verify the RTD correction values of the DTS, type: LIST RTD <cr> A 64 channel DTS may return: SET RTD 1 100.0000 3.908e-0-3 -5.775e-07 SET RTD 2 100.0000 3.908e-0-3 -5.775e-07 SET RTD 3 100.0000 3.908e-0-3 -5.775e-07 SET RTD 4 100.0000 3.908e-0-3 -5.775e-07 SET RTD 5 100.0000 3.908e-0-3 -5.775e-07 SET RTD 6 100.0000 3.908e-0-3 -5.775e-07 SET RTD 7 100.0000 3.908e-0-3 -5.775e-07 SET RTD 8 100.0000 3.908e-0-3 -5.775e-07</cr>
Notes	The values shown here are values for an ideal module. The actual calibration setpoints may be different.

LIST RTD CURRENT CONVERSION VALUES

Command	LIST RTD CURRENT CONVERSIO
Command Syntax	LIST RTDX
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the RTD current conversion channel module, 4 values for a
Example	This command is used to verify corrects for errors in the RTD e Type: LIST RTDX <cr> A 64 channel DTS will return: SET RTDX 1 1.0000000 SET RTDX 2 1.0000000 SET RTDX 3 1.0000000 SET RTDX 4 1.0000000 SET RTDX 5 1.0000000 SET RTDX 6 1.0000000 SET RTDX 7 1.0000000 SET RTDX 8 1.0000000</cr>
Notes	The values shown here are val different.

LIST SCAN VARIABLES

Command	LIST SCAN VARIABLES
Command Syntax	LIST S
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the SCAN configuration va
Example	This command is used to verify The DTS will return: SET PERIOD 1562.5000 SET AVG 4 SET FPS 0 SET XSCANTRIG 0 SET FORMAT 0 SET TIME 2 SET BIN 0 SET QPKTS 0 SET QPKTS 0 SET UNITS C SET RANGEV -9999.999 SET RANGET -9999.99



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ION VALUES

ion values for all RTD channels. There will be two values for a 16 a 32 channel module and 8 values for a 64 channel module.

by the RTD current correction values of the DTS. This variable excitation circuit.

-)
-)
-)
-)
-)
-)

alues for an ideal RTD excitation circuit. The actual values may be

variables.

fy the general scan settings of the DTS, type: LIST S<CR>

00

9 9999.999 9999.99

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LIST UTR CALIBRATION VARIABLES

Command	LIST UTR CALIBRATION VARIABLES
Command Syntax	LIST U
Arguments	None
Description	Lists the RTD calibration configuration variables
Example	This command is used to verify the calibration configuration settings of the DTS, type: LIST U <cr> The DTS will return: SET RNUMCOEF 3 SET RNUMPTS 8 SET MAXDELTA 1.000000 SET ARPCON 0 SET ARPCO 1 0.000</cr>
Notes	 The values shown here are values for a standard module. The actual calibration setpoints for a different module may be different. A 16 channel module will only display ARPC 1 and ARPC 2. A 32 channel module will display ARPC 1, ARPC 2, ARPC 3 and ARPC 4. A 64 channel module will display ARPC 1, ARPC 1, ARPC 2, ARPC 3, ARPC 4, ARPC 5, ARPC 6, ARPC 7 and ARPC 8.

OPEN THERMOCOUPLE TEST

Command	OPEN THERMOCOUPLE TEST
Command Syntax	ОТС
Arguments	None
Description	Commands the DTS to test for open thermocouples. The command causes a small current to be applied to each thermocouple. If a thermocouple is found to be open, an error is logged and bit 12 in the channel status element of the data packet is set to a 1 (1000Hex). Also, the channel status code for an open channel will be 2000 if scanning with FORMAT set to 0.This command is NOT performed automatically at power up.
Example	To test for open thermocouples, type: OTC <cr> To see the results of the test, type: ERROR<cr> If any thermocouple circuits are found open, an error will be logged in the error log.</cr></cr>

CLEAR ACCUMULATED PTP DATA

Command	CLEAR ACCUMULATED PTP DATA
Command Syntax	PTPCLEAR
Arguments	None
Description	Clears the accumulated data in the histogram buffers and restarts sampling.
Example	To clear the accumulated date from the histogram buffer, type: PTPCLEAR <cr> The DTS module will return: <nl></nl></cr>

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DISPLAY PTP STATISTICS	
Command	DISPLAY PTP STATISTICS
Command Syntax	PTPSTAT
Arguments	None
Description	Displays the accumulated dat
Returns	The histogram output is in th OFM, INTERVAL, <interval val<br=""><interval -2="">, <interval -1="">, < <interval 5="">, <interval 6=""></interval></interval></interval></interval></interval>
Example	To display the PTP statistics, t The DTS will return:

<u>Reboot</u>	
Command	REBOOT
Command Syntax	REBOOT RESTART (optional)
Arguments	None
Description	Commands the DTS to reboot. saved will be reset to the last s
Example	To reboot from the network, ty
Notes	The RESTART and the REBOOT

<u>Save</u>

Command	SAVE
Command Syntax	SAVE
Arguments	None
Description	Commands the DTS to save the a configuration variable must b nent.
Returns	<nl> - end of line.</nl>
Example	To save the current configuratic type: SAVE <cr></cr>



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ata in histogram form.

ne form:

llue>, <interval -6>, <interval -5>, <interval -4>, <interval -3>, <interval 0>, <interval 1>, <interval 2>, <interval 3>, <interval 4>,

type: PTPSTAT<CR>

OFM, INTERVAL, 100000, 114, 13, 10, 23, 21, 15, 36, 6, 12, 9, 23, 10, 129

. Any coefficients and configuration variables that have not been saved values.

ype: REBOOT<CR>

command are identical an perform the same task

e RAM image of Non Volatile Memory(NVM). Any change to be followed by a SAVE command if the change is to be perma-

ion variable settings and conversion coefficients,

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Save Bootloader Variables

SAVE DOOTLOADER VARIAB	
Command	SAVE BOOTLOADER VARIABLES
Command Syntax	SAVEIP
Arguments	None
Description	Commands the DTS to save the current settings for the LIST IP variables from RAM into Non Volatile Memory (NVM). Any change to a configuration variable in the LIST IP group must be followed by a SAVEIP command if the change is to be permanent.
Returns	"WARNING: This action could cause network communication problem. Type SAVEIPCONFIRM to confirm the changes to the LIST IP group, or STOP to cancel the operation" <nl> - End of line.</nl>
Example	To save the current configuration of the LIST IP variables, type: SAVEIP <cr> The software will return the following message: "WARNING: This action could cause network communication problem. Type SAVEIPCONFIRM to confirm the changes to the LIST IP group, or STOP to cancel the operation" Type: SAVEIPCONFIRM<cr> to complete the save.</cr></cr>
Notes	Changes to the bootloader configuration variables wil not take effect until power is cycled, or a REBOOT command is issues. The SAVEIP command may require approximately 5 seconds to complete, depend-ing on the configuration. DO NOT issue a RESTART command, or cycle power during this time. The SAVEIP operation has been completed when a caret (>) is returned. Normally, commands entered during this time would be ignored, but it is possible on rare occasions to cause the DTS4050 firmware to freeze.

SAVE PTP VARIABLES

Command	SAVE PTP VARIABLES
Command Syntax	SAVEPTP
Arguments	None
Description	Commands the DTS to save the current settings for the LIST PTP variables from RAM into Non Volatile Memory (NVM). Any change to a configuration variable in the LIST PTP group must be followed by a SAVEPTP command if the change is to be permanent.
Returns	<nl> - End of line.</nl>
Example	To save the current configuration settings from the LIST PTP group, type: SAVEPTP <cr></cr>

<u>SCAN</u>				
Command	SCAN			
Command Syntax	SCAN			
Arguments	None			
Description	returned immed after a hardware	liately if XSCANTR e trigger, or a softw N TRIGGER comm	essure sensors and send Scan IG is set to 0. If XSCANTRIG is so vare trigger. For more informat and. For Hardware trigger requ	et to 1, data wi ion on softwar
Returns	Scan data formatted by the setting of EU, BIN, and FORMAT. Refer to the examp information. When FORMAT is set to 0, a channel status code will be returned w for each channel. If multiple errors exist the code with the highest priority will be code displayed			
		Status Code	Description	Priority
		1000	Channel A/D is disabled	1
		2000	Channel T/C is open	2
		3000	Channel is over range	3
		4000	Channel is under range	4
		5000	Channel is over limit	5
		6000	Channel is under limit	6
		conti	nued	

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client. Data are will be returned are triggers, efer to the Trig-

ples for more with the data be the only

EXAMPLE 1

EU = 1

Example

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Notes	The DTS4050 will use the curre 1) When the PTP system is disa 2) When the current time has ered up. Under this condition to epoch 0 time. This most likely If the DTS was enabled and the the DTS will keep time from th When these two cases are not <time> and SET SSD <date> set</date></time>

Command	SCAN TRIGGER
Command Syntax	TRIG
Arguments	None
Description	This command acts as a softwar frame of data will be output wh code (9 HEX or Control I). This w Scan variable is met. The data fo
Example	A scan command is executed wi set to 0. The DTS will wait for a I (9 HEX or Control I). When a fract follows: Frame # <number> Time <time> <µs or ms> Rtd1 <temp> : : RtdMax <temp> Units <unit> <chan 1=""> <temp eu=""> <chan : : Chan Max> <temp eu=""> <chan< th=""></chan<></temp></chan </temp></chan></unit></temp></temp></time></number>

<u>Set</u>

Command	SET
Command Syntax	SET <name> <value></value></name>
Arguments	<pre><name> - the Configuration V <value> - the value of that Co</value></name></pre>
Description	Commands the DTS to set one are described in a subsequent s
Returns	variable
Notes	Listing the Configuration Variat required by the SET command. created by a LIST download.

FORMAT= 0.
Data is scrolled and will be displayed as follows:
Frame # <number></number>
Time <time> <µs or ms></time>
Rtd1 <temp></temp>
RtdMax <temp></temp>
Units <unit></unit>
<chan 1=""> <temp eu=""> <channel code="" status=""></channel></temp></chan>
i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i
<chan max=""> <temp eu=""> <channel code="" status=""></channel></temp></chan>
EXAMPLE 2
EU = 0
BIN = 0
FORMAT= 0
Data is scrolled and will be displayed as follows:
Frame # <number></number>
Time <time> <µs or ms></time>
Rtd1 <temp counts=""></temp>
RtdMax <temp counts<="" th=""></temp>
Units <unit></unit>
<pre><chan 1=""> <temp counts=""> <channel code="" status=""></channel></temp></chan></pre>
Chan 12 Cemp counts? Channel status code?
<chan max=""> <temp counts=""> <channel code="" status=""></channel></temp></chan>
EXAMPLE 3
EU = 1
BIN = 0
FORMAT = 1
Data is scrolled in place and will be displayed as follows:
Frame = <number> Time = <time> <µs or ms> Units = <unit></unit></time></number>
RTD1 <temp> RTDMax <temp< th=""></temp<></temp>
<chan> <temp eu=""> <chan><temp eu=""> <chan> <temp eu=""> <chan> <temp eu=""> <chan> <temp eu=""></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan>
<chan> <temp eu=""> <chan><temp eu=""> <chan> <temp eu=""> <chan> <temp eu=""> <chan> <temp eu=""></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan>
<chan> <temp eu=""> <chan><temp eu=""> <chan> <temp eu=""> <chan> <temp eu=""> <chan> <temp eu=""></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan>
: : : : : : : :
<chan> <temp eu=""> <chan><temp eu=""> <chan> <temp eu=""> <chan> <temp eu=""> <chan> <temp eu=""></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan>
EXAMPLE 4
EU = 0
BIN = 0
FORMAT = 1
Data is scrolled and will be displayed as follows:
Frame = <number> Time = <time> <µs or ms> Units = <unit></unit></time></number>
RTD1 <counts>RTDMax <counts></counts></counts>
<chan> <temp cts=""> <chan><temp cts=""> <chan> <temp cts=""> <chan> <temp cts=""></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan>
<chan> <temp cts=""> <chan><temp cts=""> <chan> <temp cts=""> <chan> <temp cts=""></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan>
<chan> <temp cts=""> <chan><temp cts=""> <chan> <temp cts=""> <chan> <temp cts=""> <chan> <temp cts=""></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan>
<chan> <temp cts=""> <chan><temp cts=""> <chan> <temp cts=""> <chan> <temp cts=""> <chan> <temp cts=""></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan></temp></chan>

...continued...

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ent PTP time as the scan start time under two conditions: abled via the SET PTPEN 0 command. not been received from the PTP server since the DTS was pow- the DTS 4050 time will start at Jan 1 1970, 0:00:00.000 hours, or will happen when there is no PTP server on the network. en disabled after receiving a time set from the PTP time server, he last clock setting from the PTP server. t met, the DTS 4050 uses the start time set via the SET SST etting in the PTP group.
are trigger to the DTS. When XSCANTRIG is set to 1, an averaged when the DTS receives the TRIG command or a <tab> character will continue until a STOP command is issued or the Frames per format will depend upon the setting of EU, BIN and FORMAT.</tab>
with EU set to 1, BIN set to 0, XSCANTRIG set to 1, and FORMAT a Hardware trigger, the TRIG command or a <tab> character rame is triggered, the data is scrolled and will be displayed as</tab>
annel status code>
: <channel code="" status=""></channel>
nats, refer to the "Scan" on page 45.

Variable to be set or modified. Onfiguration Variable

e of the many Configuration Variables. Configuration Variables : section.

bles with the LIST command outputs the data in the format I. This enables the user to upload data from a file that has been

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CONFIGURATION VARIABLES

Configuration Variables control the way the DTS functions. The Variables are assigned to one of several groups:

SCAN(S)	PRECISION TIM
IDENTIFICATION(I)	CHANNEL CORF
NETWORK IDENTIFICATION(ID)	GAIN(G)
BOOTLOADER (IP)	OFFSET(O)
CHANNEL DEFINITION(DEF)	LABELS(LA)
CALIBRATION(C)	LIMIT(LI)

Each variable is assigned a "data type" description.

SCAN VARIABLES (LIST S)

AVERAGE (AVG)VARIABLEAVG <value>VALID VALUES1 to 240DEFAULT VALUE4DATA TYPEintegerDESCRIPTIONThis sets the number of raw sample

<u>BINARY (BIN)</u>

VARIABLE	BIN <value></value>
VALID VALUES	0 or 1
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Sets the format of the data packet o 1 = Binary 0 = ASCII

<u>Format (Format)</u>

VARIABLE	FORMAT <value></value>
VALID VALUES	0 or 1
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Determines if data are to be scrolled 0 - data are scrolled 1 - data are displayed in plac

<u>Status</u>

<u>Status</u>		
Command	STATUS	
Command Syntax	STATUS	
Arguments	None	
Description	Commands the DTS to send a Status Packet to the client. The Status Packet is described in a subsequent section. The STATUS command may be entered at any time. This is one of the commands that will not generate an error if entered while the DTS is not READY. The DTS could return one of the following status descriptions:	
	ADCALThe DTS is calibrating the A/D convertersCALThe DTS is executing a PT or RPT commandINVALIDThe DTS is in an INVALID operating mode.LISTThe DTS is outputting a configuration variable LISTOTCThe DTS is testing for open thermocouplesPERIODThe DTS is executing a SET PERIOD commandREADYThe DTS is operating and ready to accept a command.SAVEThe DTS is sAVING a configurationSCANThe DTS is setting the thermocouple typeUPLOADThe DTS is SUPLOADING a file.	
Example	If the STATUS command is entered while the DTS is on, but inactive, the DTS will return: Status: READY If the STATUS command is entered while the DTS is executing a SAVE command, the DTS will return: Status: SAVE	

<u>Stop</u>

Command	STOP
Command Syntax	STOP
Arguments	None
Description	Commands the DTS to abort the current operation and go into the READY mode.
Notes	

VERSION

Command	VERSION
Command Syntax	VER
Arguments	None
Description	Requests the version number of the DTS4000.hex firmware file.
Example	To read the current software version in a 64 channel module, type: VER <cr> The DTS returns: Version: DTS Scanivalve © 2004-2013 Ver 1.00 32 Channels H/W Ver 9</cr>

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ME PROTOCOL (PTP) RECTION(P) THERMOCOUPLE(T) RTD CORRECTION(RPC) RTD CONVERSION(RTDP) RTD CALIBRATION(U)

This sets the number of raw samples to acquire before producing a filtered output.

output.

ed on the display. ASCII Output only

ace, formatted for a VT100 terminal.

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VOLTAGE RANGE OVER RANGE VALUES (RANGEV)

VARIABLE	RANGEV <low range="" value="" volt=""> <h< th=""></h<></low>
VALID VALUES	-9999.99 to 9999.99
DEFAULT VALUE	Low range temp value
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Sets the output when units is set to a channel exceeds the low limit, th channel status code will indicate 40 setting of the high range value and

SCAN RATE (RATE)

· · · · ·	
VARIABLE	RATE < <i>value</i> >
VALID VALUES	.01 to 80 (16 channel), .01 to 40 (32
DEFAULT VALUE	Depends on the number of channels
DATA TYPE	float
DESCRIPTION	Calculates and modifies the setting of second. The setting of AVG is include is modified, RATE will be updated to is modified, the value of RATE will be modified. If the calculated RATE exce change and an ERROR will be logged The maximum rate for each version 16 Channel - 80 Hz/Channe 32 Channel - 40 Hz/Channe 64 Channel - 20 Hz/Channe Rate is calculated by the formula: Data Rate = $\frac{1}{\text{Period X Number of Ch}}$

FRAMES PER SCAN (FPS)

TRAWESTER SCAN (TTS)	
VARIABLE	FPS <value></value>
VALID VALUES	0 to 4294967295
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	long integer
DESCRIPTION	Sets the number of averaged frames to send to the client. If a 0 is entered, the scan will continue until a STOP command is received.

PERIOD (PERIOD)

VARIABLE	PERIOD <value></value>	
VALID VALUES	781 to 262144 μsec (64 Channel versions) 781 to 524288 μsec (32 Channel Versions) 781 to 1048576 μsec (16 Channel Versions)	
DEFAULT VALUE	7812	
DATA TYPE	float	
DESCRIPTION	Sets the interval between channel samples (inter-channel delay). The maximum settings for each version represent the rate limits when AVG is set to 1. The rate limits are:	
	16 Channels-80 Hz/Channel32 Channels-40 Hz/Channel64 Channels-20 Hz/Channel	

QPKTS (QPKTS)

VARIABLE	QPKTS <value></value>
VALID VALUES	0
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	This is a non-functioning variable left in place for legacy compatibility.

TEMPERATURE RANGE OVER RANGE VALUES (RANGET)

VARIABLE	RANGET <low range="" temp="" value=""> <high range="" temp="" value=""></high></low>	
VALID VALUES	-9999.99 to 9999.99 Low range temp value - -9999.99 High range temp value - 9999.99 integer - -	
DEFAULT VALUE		
DATA TYPE		
DESCRIPTION	Sets the output when units is set to a temperature and the high and/or low range limits are exceeded. When a channel exceeds the low limit, the data display will be setting of the low range value and the channel status code will indicate 4000. When the high limit is exceeded, the data display will be setting of the high range value and the channel status code will indicate 3000.	

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high range volt value>

-9999.99 9999.99

to volts and the high and/or low range limits are exceeded. When he data display will be setting of the low range value and the 4000. When the high limit is exceeded, the data display will be d the channel status code will indicate 3000.

2 channel), .01 to 20 (64 channel)

s of PERIOD to give a data output rate in samples per channel per ded in the calculation but is not modified. Conversely, if PERIOD o show the data rate based on that setting of PERIOD. If AVG be updated to show the new data rate, but PERIOD will not be ceeds the maximum allowed for a DTS Version, the rate will not ed.

n is:

el

el

el

Channels X Average

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CHANNEL CORRECTION VARIABLES (LIST P)

NOTE: The PT variable on this page is used only if NUMTEMPS is set to 0. If NUMTEMPS is set to 1 or greater, the PT variable on the next page should be used. Please refer to the description of the NUMTEMPS variable in the Calibration Variable Group for more detailed information on THE NUMTEMPS variable.

PT	(PT)

	<u>PT (PT)</u>	
	VARIABLE	PT <channel> <index> <volts applied=""> <cour< th=""></cour<></volts></index></channel>
	VALID VALUES	Channel-0 to 16, 32 or 64Index-0 to 7Volts Applied-any valid numberCounts Applied-any valid number
	DEFAULT VALUE	Channel-0Index-0Volts Applied-0Counts Applied-0
A, C, F, K, R	DATA TYPE	Channel-IntegerIndex-IntegerVolts Applied-floatCounts Applied-Integer
	DESCRIPTION	This is the list of setpoints used to calibrate returned.
e divided ger is a the trigger trigger rate	NOTES	The PT variable on this page is used only if I to 0, the PT variable on the previous page s NUMTEMPS variable in the Calibration Varia TEMPS variable. EXAMPLE The List P command is used to view these v the initial factory calibration. To list the value The DTS will return: SET PT 2 0 0.010000 276468 SET PT 2 1 0.000000 517 SET PT 2 2 0.012000 332795 SET PT 2 3 0.024000 664988 SET PT 2 4 0.036000 997039 SET PT 2 5 0.048000 1329141 SET PT 2 6 0.060000 1661087 SET PT 2 7 0.070000 1937569
		The values shown here are values for a stan given module may be different.

<u>UNITS (UNITS)</u>

UNITS (UNITS)			
VARIABLE	UNITS <value></value>		
VALID VALUES	see "description"		
DEFAULT VALUE	0		
DATA TYPE	string		
DESCRIPTION	Engineering Unit conversion type. This can be : A - Volts (Vdc) corrected by the RTD voltage C - degrees Celsius (°C) F - degrees Fahrenheit (°F), K - Kelvin (°K) M - Mixed (T/C data in raw, RTD data in °C) R - Rankin (°R) V - Volts (Vdc) Raw uncorrected 0 - Zero (Raw Counts)		
NOTES	The setting of UNITS affects the RTD temperature units. ASCII Output (BIN = 0): When UNITS is set to 0, the RTD temperature is in A/D counts. When UNITS is set to A, C, F, K, R or V the RTD temperature is in degrees C. Binary Output (BIN = 1): When UNITS is set to 0, the RTD temperature is in A/D counts When UNITS is set to any other value, the RTD temperature is in °C.		

<u>SCAN TRIGGER (XSCANTRIG)</u>

VARIABLE	XSCANTRIG <code></code>	
VALID VALUES	0 to 254	
DEFAULT VALUE	0	
DATA TYPE	integer	
DESCRIPTION	 Sets the External Trigger as the Frame Trigger. 0 - The internal clock is the frame trigger 1 - The external trigger is the frame trigger 2 to 254 - The external trigger is the frame trigger. The external trigger timing will be divided by the number entered. 	
NOTES	 The External Trigger may be a hardware trigger or a Software Trigger. The hardware trigger is a pulse 4.5 to 15 volts at 6.5 mA. The software trigger is a Tab(Control I) character. EXAMPLE: If XSCANTRIG is set to 2, the triggering will be whatever the input rate is divided by 2. If the trigger rate is 10 Hz, the DTS will be triggered at a 5 Hz rate. If XSCANTRIG is set to 10 and the trigger rate is 10 Hz, the DTS will be triggered at a 1 Hz rate. 	

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ed> <counts applied=""></counts>
2 or 64
number
number
calibrate each channel. If zero (0) is entered, all channels will be
d only if NUMTEMPS is set to 1 or greater. If NUMTEMPS is set us page should be used. Please refer to the description of the tion Variable Group for more detailed information on THE NUM-
v these variables. The variables for each channel are set before t the values for channel 2, type: LIST P 2 <enter></enter>
68
5 8 9 41 87 69
for a standard module. The actual calibration setpoints for a

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<u>PT <type> (PT <type>)</u>

VARIABLE	PT <type> <chan board=""> <temp ndx=""> <temp> <pt ndx=""> <act volts=""> <counts></counts></act></pt></temp></temp></chan></type>	
VALID VALUES	Type-T (for T/C) or R (for RTD)Chan/board-A single channel, 1 to 64 for T/C or 1 to 4 for RTD A range of channels, start chanend chanTemp ndx-The temperature index from 1 to NUMTEMPS Pt ndxPt ndx-The index of this point from 1 to NUMPTS	
	Act volts - The actual applied volts Counts - The A/D counts at this point	
DEFAULT VALUE	Type-TChan/board-1Temp ndx-5Pt ndx-5Act volts-0Counts-0Counts-0Type-charChan/board-stringTemp ndx-integerPt ndx-integerPt ndx-integerAct volts-floatCounts-integerAct volts-floatCounts-integerThis is the list of setpoints used to calibrate each channel.EXAMPLEThe List P command is used to view these variables. The variables for each channel are set beforethe initial factory calibration. To list the values for RTD channel 2at 23 degrees C,type: LIST P R 2 23The DTS will return: SET PT R 2 3 23 3 .256 276468NOTE: The values shown here are values for a typical module. The actual calibration setpoints for a given module may be different.	
DATA TYPE		
DESCRIPTION		
NOTES		

IDENTIFICATION VARIABLES (LIST I)

AUTO CONNECT (AUTOCON)		
VARIABLE	AUTOCON <code></code>	
VALID VALUES	0 or 1	
DEFAULT VALUE	0	
DATA TYPE	integer	
DESCRIPTION	Determines if the DTS will automat	
	0 - the DTS will not a	

<u>ЕСНО (ЕСНО)</u>

VARIABLE	ECHO < <i>code</i> >
VALID VALUES	0 or 1
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Determines if characters received f
	0 - the DTS will not ec
	1 - the DTS will echo o

<u>Host (HOST)</u>

VARIABLE	HOST <ip address=""> <port> <protocol></protocol></port></ip>		
VALID VALUES	IP Address - Any valid IP address Port - Any valid Port		
	Protocol - T = TCP U = UDP		
DEFAULT VALUE	IP Address - 0 Port - 0 Protocol - T		
DATA TYPE	varies		
DESCRIPTION	Sets the value of the IP address and port number for binary data fo Address and Port are set to 0, Binary data are sent out over the Tell port number are defined, Binary data are sent out over that port.		

HOST COMMAND (HOSTCMD)

VARIABLE	HOSTCMD <ascii string=""></ascii>
VALID VALUES	any valid host command string
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	ASCII Strings
DESCRIPTION	Sends the ASCII command string co





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UN <coue></coue>		
nines if the DTS will automatically connect to a binary receiver.		
0 - the DTS will not automatically convert.		
1 - the DTS will automatically convert.		
ccode>		
nines if characters received from an Ethernet host will be echoed back to the host.		
0 - the DTS will not echo characters		
1 - the DTS will echo characters back to the host.		
:IP address> <port> <protocol></protocol></port>		
ess - Any valid IP address		
- Any valid Port		
DI - T = TCP		
U = UDP		
ress - 0		
- 0 bl - T		
- I		
e value of the IP address and port number for binary data for the host computer. If IP		
s and Port are set to 0, Binary data are sent out over the TelNet Port. If a server address and		

ontained in this variable to the host computer binary receiver.

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PORT (PORT)

VARIABLE	PORT < <i>value</i> >
VALID VALUES	0
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Sets the Ethernet port. With PORT set to 0, it uses the default value, 23 which is the TelNet port.

RTD MAXIMUM SLEW LIMIT (RTDMAXSLEW)

VARIABLE	RTDMAXSLEW <value></value>
VALID VALUES	0 to 32000
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	This is a non-functional variable left in place for legacy compatibility

THERMOCOUPLE MAXIMUM SLEW LIMIT (TCMAXSLEW)

VARIABLE	TCMAXSLEW <value></value>
VALID VALUES	0 to 3000000
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	This is a non-functional variable left in place for legacy compatibility

<u>TITLE 1 (TITLE1)</u>

VARIABLE	TITLE1 <title></th></tr><tr><th>VALID VALUES</th><th colspan=2>any valid ASCII string up to 255 characters</th></tr><tr><th>DEFAULT VALUE</th><th>Scanivalve DTS4000</th></tr><tr><th>DATA TYPE</th><th>ASCII String</th></tr><tr><th>DESCRIPTION</th><th>Sets the value of Title number 1.</th></tr></tbody></table></title>	
----------	---	--

TITLE 2 (TITLE2)

VARIABLE	TITLE2 <title></th></tr><tr><th>VALID VALUES</th><th>any valid ASCII string up to 255 characters</th></tr><tr><th>DEFAULT VALUE</th><th>The current software version</th></tr><tr><th>DATA TYPE</th><th>ASCII String</th></tr><tr><th>DESCRIPTION</th><th>Sets the value of Title number 2.</th></tr></tbody></table></title>
----------	---

BOOTLOADER VARIABLES (LIST IP)

NOTE: The SAVE command does not save any variables in the LIST IP group. In order to save any changes to non-volatile memory, the SAVEIP command must be issues. See "Save Bootloader Variables" on page 44 for more information on the SAVEIP command.

DTS4050 IP ADDRESS (IPADD)

VARIABLE	IPADD <value></value>
VALID VALUES	any valid IP address
DEFAULT VALUE	191.30.100.XXX – 16 channel units 191.30.105.XXX – 32 channel units 191.30.110.XXX – 64 channel units *where XXX is the serial number o
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	The IP address of the module.

DTS4050 SUBNET MAST (SUBNET)

VARIABLE	SUBNET < <i>value</i> >
VALID VALUES	any valid Subnet Mask
DEFAULT VALUE	255.255.0.0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	The Subnet mask for the module. ⁻ DTS module will be connected.

DTS4050 MAC ADDRESS (MAC)

VARIABLE	MAC <value></value>
VALID VALUES	000.096.093.XXX.YYY.ZZZ
DEFAULT VALUE	000.096.093.100.XXX.XXX – 16 char 000.096.093.105.XXX.XXX – 32 char 000.096.093.110.XXX.XXX – 64 char *where XXX is the serial number fo
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	The MAC address of the module. T recommended that they not be mo registered to Scanivalve.

<u>LOGIN (LOGIN)</u>

VARIABLE	LOGIN <value></value>
VALID VALUES	any valid character string
DEFAULT VALUE	Scanivalve
DATA TYPE	string
DESCRIPTION	The username for the FTP login.

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of the unit

The subnet mask must be configured for the network where the

innel units innel units innel units

or the module.

The last three octets may be modified by the user, but it is odified. The first three octets MUST NOT be modified, they are

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PASSWORD (PASSWORD)

÷		
	VARIABLE	PASSWORD <value></value>
	VALID VALUES	any valid character string
	DEFAULT VALUE	Scanner
	DATA TYPE	string
	DESCRIPTION	The password associated with the user name for the FTP login.

LOGIN 1 (LOGIN1)

VARIABLE	LOGIN1 <value></value>
VALID VALUES	any valid character string
DEFAULT VALUE	Scanivalve1
DATA TYPE	string
DESCRIPTION	The username for the FTP login.

PASSWORD 1 (PASSWORD1)

VARIABLE	PASSWORD <value></value>
VALID VALUES	any valid character string
DEFAULT VALUE	Scanner
DATA TYPE	string1
DESCRIPTION	The password associated with the user name for the FTP login.

ALLOW ANONAMOUS LOGON (ALLOWANON)

VARIABLE	ALLOWANON <value></value>
VALID VALUES	0 or 1
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Determines the new line character(s) for all output. 0 – Do not allow anonymous FTP logins 1 – Allow anonymous FTP logins

APPLICATION FILE (APP)

VARIABLE	APP <value></value>
VALID VALUES	any valid application name
DEFAULT VALUE	Dts4000.hex
DATA TYPE	string
DESCRIPTION	The file name of the application to run. This is the file name that is used when automatically running the application from the boot loader. It is also the file name used when using the RUN command. If this file is not found, an error is returned. Note that this entry is case sensitive.

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<u>GATEWAY (GW)</u>	
VARIABLE	GW <value></value>
VALID VALUES	any valid IP address
DEFAULT VALUE	0.0.0.0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	This IP address will be used to acces subnet. This is commonly used to a

CALIBRATION VARIABLES (LIST C)

A/D CALIBRATION AVERAGING (CALAVG)

VARIABLE	CALAVG <value></value>
VALID VALUES	1 to 64
DEFAULT VALUE	4
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Determines how much averaging to effect on boot up time.
NOTES	See "A/D Calibration" on page 27 for

NUMBER OF CALIBRATION SETPOINTS (NUMPTS)

VARIABLE	NUMPTS < <i>value</i> >
VALID VALUES	1 to 8
DEFAULT VALUE	8
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Determines the number of setpoin

NUMBER OF CALIBRATION COEFFICIENTS (NUMCOEF)

VARIABLE	NUMCOEF < <i>value</i> >
VALID VALUES	1 to 3
DEFAULT VALUE	3
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Determines the number of calibrati 1 - Offset only 2 - y = mx + b correction 3 - y = ax2 + bx + c correction

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ess host with an IP address setting that is outside of the DTS access an NTP server that is not in the same subnet as the DTS.

to perform during an A/D Calibration. This setting will have an

for more information on the A/D Calibrations.

nts in the channel correction list.

ion coefficients for the channel corrections.

ion curve rrection curve

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PRECISION TIME PROTOCOL VARIABLES (LIST PTP)

<u>PTP ENABLE (PTPEN)</u>	
VARIABLE	PTPEN <i><value></value></i>
VALID VALUES	0 or 1
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Enables or disables the PTP engine. 0 – disabled 1 – enabled

<u>TUNE (TUNE)</u>

VARIABLE	TUNE <min depth="" filter=""> <clock gain=""> <integral limit=""> <median depth="" filter=""></median></integral></clock></min>	
VALID VALUES	min filter- Not range checkedclock gain- Not range checkedintegral limit- Not range checkedmedian filter- Not range checked	
DEFAULT VALUE	min filter- 10clock gain- 0.5integral limit- 500000median filter- 5	
DATA TYPE	min filter - integer clock gain - float integral limit - integer median filter - integer	
DESCRIPTION	These variables allow you to tune the PTP synch function.	

SYSLOG SEVERITY LEVEL (SLL)

VARIABLE	SLL <value></value>
VALID VALUES	0 to 9
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Sets the system log level:
	0-Off 1-Emergency 2-Alert 3-Critical 4-Error 5-Warning 6-Notice 7-Information 8-Debug level 1 9-Debug level 2 Setting this value allows the any me to the device that last sent the comm

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NUMBER OF CALIBRATION TEMPERATURES (NUMTEMPS)

VARIABLE	NUMTEMPS <values></values>
VALID VALUES	0 to 8
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	When set to 0, module uses calibration coefficients generated during a single temperature calibration. If set to 1 or greater, the module uses calibration coefficients generated during a multi-temperature calibration. The following variables are relevant: PT Option And the following commands: PT Option List P Option
NOTES	The value of NUMTEMPS MUST NOT be modified by an end user without detailed and specific training from Scanivalve Corp. If the value of NUMTEMPS is modified after the unit has been calibrated, ALL current calibration coefficients will be LOST .

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nessages that occur with the severity level or above to be output mmand.

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STATISTICAL DATA DESTINATION (STAT)

STATISTICAL DATA DESTINATION (STAT)	
VARIABLE	STAT <value></value>
VALID VALUES	0 to 9
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Sets the destination of raw statistical data. 0 - off 1 - serial 2 - network 3 - Syslog server The statistical data is output in the following format: <ofm>, <msd>, <smd>, <mpd> ofm - Offset From Master. Time that slave and master differ msd - Master to Slave Delay. Filtered packet delivery time from master to slave smd - Slave to Master Delay. Filtered packet delivery time from slave to master mpd - Mean Path Delay. Filtered mean path delay time</mpd></smd></msd></ofm>

START SCAN TIME (SST)

VARIABLE	SST <value></value>
VALID VALUES	Any valid time in the hh:mm:s.fffff format
DEFAULT VALUE	12:0:0.0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Sets the hour, minute and second of the start scan time. This is referenced to the time that the grandmaster serves.
NOTES	The DTS4050 will use the current PTP time as the scan start time under two conditions: 1) When the PTP system is disabled via the SET PTPEN 0 command. 2) When the current time has not been received from the PTP server since the DTS was powered up. Under this condition the DTS 4050 time will start at Jan 1 1970, 0:00:00.000 hours, or epoch 0 time. This most likely will happen when there is no PTP server on the network. If the DTS was enabled and then disabled after receiving a time set from the PTP time server, the DTS will keep time from the last clock setting from the PTP server. When these two cases are not met, the DTS 4050 uses the start time set via the SET SST <time> and SET SSD <date> setting in the PTP group.</date></time>

START SCAN DATE (SSD)

VARIABLE	SSD <value></value>
VALID VALUES	Any valid date in the yyy/mm/dd format
DEFAULT VALUE	1971/1/1
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Sets the year, month and day of the scan start time.

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UPDATE CLOCK (UC)

VARIABLE	UC <value></value>
VALID VALUES	0 or 1
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Sets the switch to update the clock. able but the clock rate or setting is r

INTERVAL (INTERVAL)

VARIABLE	INTERVAL < <i>value</i> >
VALID VALUES	1 to 1,000,000,000
DEFAULT VALUE	5
DATA TYPE	Long Integer
DESCRIPTION	Sets the width of each histogram ir

CLOCK DRIFT ADJUSTMENT (ADJDRIFT)

······································		
VARIABLE	ADJDRIFT < <i>rate</i> > < <i>rate limit</i> >	
VALID VALUES	Rate Rate limit	 Not range checke Not range checke
DEFAULT VALUE	Rate Rate limit	- 100 - 100000
DATA TYPE	Rate Rate limit	 long integer long integer
DESCRIPTION	Sets the clock rate and clock rate lin master is greater than the clock rate changed by the value in rate or neg	

UTC OFFSET (UTCOFFSET)

VARIABLE	UTCOFFSET <hours>:<minutes>:<se< th=""></se<></minutes></hours>	
VALID VALUES	<hours> <minutes> <seconds></seconds></minutes></hours>	- 12 and 12 - 0 to 59 - 0 to 59
DEFAULT VALUE	<hours> <minutes> <seconds></seconds></minutes></hours>	00 00 00
DATA TYPE	integer	
DESCRIPTION	Sets the offset to be added or subt	



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. When set to 0 the PTP servo runs with statistical output availnot adjusted.

interval in nanoseconds.

ed ed

imit adjustments. When the observed drift of the clock from the te limit, or less than a negative clock rate limit, the clock rate is gative rate, respectively.

econds>

tracted from the network time.

NETWORK IDENTIFICATION VARIABLES (LIST ID)

MODEL (MODEL)

VARIABLE	MODEL <model channels="" number=""></model>
VALID VALUES	Any valid model number/channel count
DEFAULT VALUE	Null
DATA TYPE	string
DESCRIPTION	Lists the module model number and channel count.

SERIAL NUMBER (SERNUM)

VARIABLE	SERNUM <serial number=""></serial>
VALID VALUES	Any valid integer
DEFAULT VALUE	Null
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	The serial number of the module

VERSION (VER)

VARIABLE	VER <version number=""></version>
VALID VALUES	any valid integer
DEFAULT VALUE	null
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	The firmware version sends the ASCII command string contained in this variable to the host computer binary receiver. This variable is not settable by the user and only displays the current software version set by the current firmware.

IP ADDRESS (IPADD)

VARIABLE	IPADD <value></value>
VALID VALUES	any valid IP address
DEFAULT VALUE	191.30.100.XXX – 16 channel units 191.30.105.XXX – 32 channel units 191.30.110.XXX – 64channel units *where XXX is the serial number of the unit
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	The IP address of the module.
NOTES	This variable is not saved by the SAVE command. The SAVEIP command, followed by the SAVEIPCONFIRM command must be issued in order for any changes to be moved to non-volatile memory. This is a copy of the IPADD variable in the LIST IP group. See "Bootloader Variables (LIST IP)" on page 57 for more information on the bootloader variables.

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CHANNEL IDENTIFICATION VARIABLES (LIST DEF)

CHANNEL DEFINITIONS (DEF)

VARIABLE	DEF <channel> <definition></definition></channel>	
VALID VALUES	Channel - the channel numb Definition - any ASCII string up	
DEFAULT VALUE	Null	
DATA TYPE	integer	
DESCRIPTION	The variable DEF will be available for number. The variable is intended to	

LIMIT VARIABLES (LIST LI)

<u>LIMIT (LIMIT)</u>

VARIABLE	LIMIT <channel> <enable> [<high lin<="" th=""></high></enable></channel>	
VALID VALUES	Channel Enable High limit Low limit	 0 to 16, 32, or 64 i 0 disables limits 1 enables limits optional, the high optional, the low l
DEFAULT VALUE	Channel Enable High limit Low limit	- 0 - 0 - 100 - 0
DATA TYPE	Channel Enable High limit Low limit	- integer - integer - float - float
DESCRIPTION	Sets the high and low limits for each status code will indicate 6000. When cate 5000.	

CHANNEL LABELS (LIST LA)

CHANNEL LABEL (LABEL)

VARIABLE	LABEL < <i>channel</i> > < <i>label</i> >	
VALID VALUES	Channel Label	- 1 to 16, 32, or 64 - channel label up t
DEFAULT VALUE	Channel Label	- 1 - T/C <channel></channel>
DATA TYPE	Channel Label	 Integer ASCII string
DESCRIPTION	Sets the label for each channel.	

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ber up to 2048 bytes.

or each channel in the module up to the highest channel o be used as a label or definition of the channel assignment.

mit> low limit>]

if 0 is entered all channels will be set.

limit value limit value

h channel. When a channel exceeds the low limit, the channel n the high limit is exceeded, the channel status code will indi-

to 31 characters. Spaces are allowed.

THERMOCOUPLE VARIABLES (LIST T)

THERMOCOUPLE TYPE (TYPE)

VARIABLE	TYPE <channel> <type> <shield connect=""></shield></type></channel>		
VALID VALUES	channel - the channel number, 0 through 16, 32 or 64 type - thermocouple type		
	shield connect - 0 or 1		
DEFAULT VALUE	channel - 0 type - E, J, K, N, R, S, T shield connect - 0		
DATA TYPE	channel - integer type - char shield connect - integer		
DESCRIPTION	Determines the thermocouple conversion for each channel. Conversion tables for any thermo- couple type can be loaded into the DTS4050's file system. The only limitation is the DTS's -15mV to 70mV calibrated range. If the channel is entered as 0, all 16 channels will be set to the ther- mocouple type specified. The shield connection switch should be set based on the method used to ground or shield the thermocouple. If shield connect is set to 0, the switch will be open. The default setting is 1 or closed. Refer to "Thermocouple Grounding Scenarios" on page 23 for more information.		

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RTD CORRECTION VARIABLES (LIST RPC)

RTD CORRECTION (RPC)

THE CONNECTION IN	4	
VARIABLE	RPC <board> <index> <volts applie<="" th=""></volts></index></board>	
VALID VALUES	Board- RTD board numlIndex- 0 to 7Volts Applied- any valid numbeCounts Applied- any valid numbe	
DEFAULT VALUE	Channel- 1Index- 0Volts Applied- 0Counts Applied- 0	
DATA TYPE	Channel- IntegerIndex- IntegerVolts Applied- floatCounts Applied- Integer	
DESCRIPTION	This is the list of setpoints used to o points. Each module type has one RTD=s. A 16 channel module has 1 module has 4 channels.	
NOTES	EXAMPLE: The List RP command is used to vie the initial factory calibration: SET RPC 1 0 0.095000 1287 SET RPC 1 1 0.115000 1557 SET RPC 1 2 0.131000 1774 NOTE: The values shown here are v	
	may be different.	





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RTD CONVERSION VOLTS TO OHMS (LIST RTD)

<u>RTD 1 (RTD 1)</u>

VARIABLE	RTD 1 <r0> <a> </r0>
VALID VALUES	any real number
DEFAULT VALUE	R0 - 100.00000 A - 3.908E-03 B - (-)5.775E-07
DATA TYPE	float
DESCRIPTION	The conversion factors for RTD 1 to convert ohms to millivolts for temperature conversion. The actual values are provided by the manufacturer. The values for A and B must be entered as exponents.

<u>RTD 2 (RTD 2)</u>

VARIABLE	RTD 2 <r0> <a> </r0>
VALID VALUES	any real number
DEFAULT VALUE	R0 - 100.00000 A - 3.908E-03 B - (-)5.775E-07
DATA TYPE	float
DESCRIPTION	The conversion factors for RTD 2 to convert ohms to millivolts for temperature conversion. The actual values are provided by the manufacturer. The values for A and B must be entered as exponents.

<u>RTD 3 (RTD 3)</u>

VARIABLE	RTD 3 <r0> <a> (32 and 64 channel version only)</r0>
VALID VALUES	any real number
DEFAULT VALUE	R0 - 100.00000 A - 3.908E-03 B - (-)5.775E-07
DATA TYPE	float
DESCRIPTION	The conversion factors for RTD 3 to convert ohms to millivolts for temperature conversion. The actual values are provided by the manufacturer. The values for A and B must be entered as exponents.

<u>RTD 4 (RTD 4)</u>

VARIABLE	RTD 4 <r0> <a> (32 and 64 channel version only)</r0>
VALID VALUES	any real number
DEFAULT VALUE	R0 - 100.0000 A - 3.908E-03 B - (-)5.775E-07
DATA TYPE	float
DESCRIPTION	The conversion factors for RTD 4 to convert ohms to millivolts for temperature conversion. The actual values are provided by the manufacturer. The values for A and B must be entered as exponents.

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<u>RTD 5 (RTD 5)</u>		
VARIABLE	RTD 5 <r0> <a> (64 chann</r0>	
VALID VALUES	any real number	
DEFAULT VALUE	R0 - 100.00000 A - 3.908E-03 B - (-)5.775E-07	
DATA TYPE	float	
DESCRIPTION	The conversion factors for RTD 5 to actual values are provided by the m nents.	

<u>RTD 6 (RTD 6)</u>

VARIABLE	RTD 6 <r0> <a> (64 chann</r0>
VALID VALUES	any real number
DEFAULT VALUE	R0 - 100.00000 A - 3.908E-03 B - (-)5.775E-07
DATA TYPE	float
DESCRIPTION	The conversion factors for RTD 6 to actual values are provided by the m nents.

<u>RTD 7 (RTD 7)</u>

VARIABLE	RTD 7 <r0> <a> (64 chann</r0>
VALID VALUES	any real number
DEFAULT VALUE	R0 - 100.00000 A - 3.908E-03 B - (-)5.775E-07
DATA TYPE	float
DESCRIPTION	The conversion factors for RTD 7 to actual values are provided by the m nents.

<u>RTD 8 (RTD 8)</u>

VARIABLE	RTD 8 <r0> <a> </r0>	(64 chann
VALID VALUES	any real number	
DEFAULT VALUE	R0 - 100.00000 A - 3.908E-03 B - (-)5.775E-07	
DATA TYPE	float	
DESCRIPTION	The conversion factors actual values are provi nents.	

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nel version only)

o convert ohms to millivolts for temperature conversion. The nanufacturer. The values for A and B must be entered as expo-

nel version only)

o convert ohms to millivolts for temperature conversion. The nanufacturer. The values for A and B must be entered as expo-

nel version only)

convert ohms to millivolts for temperature conversion. The nanufacturer. The values for A and B must be entered as expo-

nel version only)

o convert ohms to millivolts for temperature conversion. The nanufacturer. The values for A and B must be entered as expo-

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CHANNEL GAIN CORRECTION VARIABLES (LIST G)

GAINS (GAIN)

VARIABLE	GAIN <channel> <gain value=""></gain></channel>
VALID VALUES	any real number
DEFAULT VALUE	1
DATA TYPE	float
DESCRIPTION	Sets the GAIN correction for a given channel using the formula: Adjusted Counts = (GAIN * counts) + OFFSET.

CHANNEL OFFSET CORRECTION VARIABLES (LIST O)

OFFSETS (OFFSET)

VARIABLE	OFFSET <channel> <gain value=""></gain></channel>	
VALID VALUES	any real number	
DEFAULT VALUE	1	
DATA TYPE	float	
DESCRIPTION	Sets the OFFSET correction for a given channel using the formula:	
	Adjusted Counts = (GAIN * counts) + OFFSET.	

RTD CALIBRATION VARIABLES (LIST U)

<u>ARPC (ARCPC)</u>		
VARIABLE	ARPC <board> <value></value></board>	
VALID VALUES	board - 1, 2, 3 or 4	
DEFAULT VALUE	0.0000	
DATA TYPE	floating point	
DESCRIPTION	This value is the offset value that w Dusen conversion. This value is calc ARPC variable setting after an ARPC number of boards installed. That is module will display ARPC 1 and ARI and ARPC 4. The software will only	

<u>ARPCON (ARPCON)</u>

VARIABLE	ARPCON <value></value>
VALID VALUES	0 or 1
DEFAULT VALUE	0
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	When set to one, this variable will e

MAXIMUM RTD DELTA (MAXDELTA)

VARIABLE	MAXDELTA <value></value>
VALID VALUES	any real number
DEFAULT VALUE	.25
DATA TYPE	Integer
DESCRIPTION	This is the maximum allowable diffe MAXDELTA exceeds this setpoint, b (appears immediately after the RTD

NUMBER OF RTD SETPOINTS (RNUMPTS)

VARIABLE	RNUMPTS <points></points>
VALID VALUES	1 to 8
DEFAULT VALUE	8
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Determines the number of setpoint





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vill be added to the RTD volts value before the Calendar Vanculated from the ARPC command. The software will update the C command is executed. A LIST U command will only display the S: a 16 channel module will only display ARPC 1. A 32 channel PC 2. A 64 channel module will display ARPC 1, ARPC 2, ARPC 3 r allow entry of values for the number of boards installed.

enable the ARPC correction.

Ference between the readings of RDT1 and RTD2 in degrees C. If pit 12 is set to 1 in the general status element of the data packet D reading.)

ts in the RTD correction list.

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NUMBER OF RTD COEFFICIENTS (RNUMCOEF)

VARIABLE	RNUMCOEF <coef></coef>
VALID VALUES	1 to 7
DEFAULT VALUE	5
DATA TYPE	integer
DESCRIPTION	Determines the number of calibration coefficients in the RTD correction list. 1 - Offset only 2 - $y = mx + b$ 3 - $y = ax2 + bx + c$ 4 - $y = ax3 + bx2 + cx + d$ 5 - $y = ax4 + bx3 + cx2 + dx + e$ 6 - $y = ax5 + bx4 + cx3 + dx2 + ex + f$ 7 - $y = ax6 + bx5 + cx4 + dx3 + ex2 + fx + g$

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DTS PACKET DEFINITIONS

When requested, the DTS sends an application packet to the client. Each packet sent to the client starts with a Packet Type Word. This word defines the packet type.

<u>Раскет</u>	TYPE TABLE		
	PACKET NAME	PACKET ID	BYTES
	16 Channel Data	0Hex	168
	Host Control	1Hex	168
	32 Channel Data	2Hex	304
	64 Channel Data	3Hex	576
	16 Channel Data w/ PTP Enabled	4Hex	168
	32 Channel Data w/ PTP Enabled	6Hex	304
	64 Channel Data w/ PTP Enabled	7Hex	576

20Hex

HOST CONTROL PACKETS

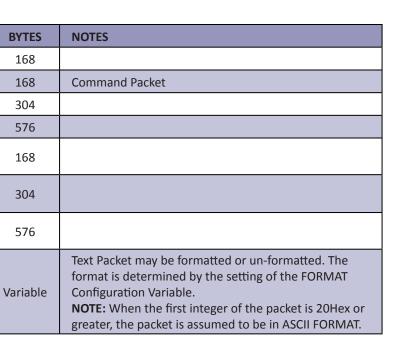
ASCII

COMMAND PACKET

FUNCTION DESCRIPTION	BYTES	DESCRIPTION
Packet Type	4	1Hex
Host ASCII Command Data (Refer to the Command Section of this manual for more information)	164	ASCII string received by DTS as the Host command. Each line must be terminated with a CR, LF, CR-LF or LF-CR.

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BINARY DATA PACKETS (DTS4050/32 CHANNEL MODULE

FUNCTION	BYTES	DATA TYPE	DESCRIPTION
Packet Type	4	Integer	2Hex
General Status	4	Integer	Refer to Table 1 in this section
Frame Number	4	Integer	The current frame number if in the scan mode
Temperature 1 to 32	128	Float	Channel temperatures in units set by bits 4 - 6 of the General Status Byte.
RTD1 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3
RTD2 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3
RTD3 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3.
RTD4 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3
Time Stamp	4	Integer	Time Stamp in units set by bit 8 of the General Status Byte.
Channel Status 1 to 32	128	Integer	Refer to Table 2 in this section
PTP Time (Seconds)	4	Integer	Current PTP time stamp in seconds
PTP Time (Nanoseconds)	4	Integer	Current PTP time stamp in nanoseconds
PTP Last Update (ms)	4	Integer	Time Elapsed Since Last PTP Update in ms
Spares	4	Integer	Spares

DTS	то HOST	

BINARY DATA PACKETS (DTS4050/16 CHANNEL MODULE)

FUNCTION	BYTES	DATA TYPE	DESCRIPTION
Packet Type	4	Integer	0Hex
General Status	4	Integer	Refer to Table 1 in this section
Frame Number	4	Integer	The current frame number if in the scan mode
Temperature 1 to 16	64	Float	Channel temperatures in units set by bits 4 - 6 of the General Status Byte.
RTD1 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3
RTD2 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3
Time Stamp	4	Integer	Time Stamp in units set by bit 8 of the General Status Byte.
Channel Status 1 to 16	64	Integer	Refer to Table 2 in this section
PTP Time (Seconds)	4	Integer	Current PTP time stamp in seconds
PTP Time (Nanoseconds)	4	Integer	Current PTP time stamp in nanoseconds
PTP Last Update (ms)	4	Integer	Time Elapsed Since Last PTP Update in ms
Spares	4	Integer	Spares

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BINARY DATA PACKETS (DTS4050/64 CHANNEL MODULE)

FUNCTION	BYTES	DATA TYPE	DESCRIPTION						
Packet Type	4	Integer	3Hex						
General Status	4	Integer	Refer to Table 1 in this section						
Frame Number	4	Integer	The current frame number if in the scan mode						
Temperature 1 to 64	256	Float	Channel temperatures in units set by bits 4 - 6 of the General Status Byte.						
RTD1 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3						
RTD2 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3						
RTD3 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3						
RTD4 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3						
RTD5 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3						
RTD6 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3						
RTD7 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3						
RTD8 Temperature	4	Float	Temperature in units defined by the setting of the variable: UNITS. See Table 3						
Time Stamp	4	Integer	Time Stamp in units set by bit 8 of the General Status Byte.						
Channel Status 1 to 64	256	Integer	Refer to Table 2 in this section						
PTP Time (Seconds)	4	Integer	Current PTP time stamp in seconds						
PTP Time (Nanoseconds)	4	Integer	Current PTP time stamp in nanoseconds						
PTP Last Update (ms)	4	Integer	Time Elapsed Since Last PTP Update in ms						
Spares	4	Integer	Spares						

GENERAL STATUS BYTE

Bits 0 - 3	Not used
Bits 4 - 6	Temperature Units
Bit 7	Not Used
Bit 8	Time Stamp
Bits 9 - 11	Not Used
Bits 12 - 15	RTD Delta Errors

GENERAL STATUS BYTE

Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
0 - Raw A/D Counts (Uncorrected)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х
V - Raw Voltage (Uncorrected)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х
A - Corrected Voltage	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х
C - Degrees C	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	1	1	Х	Х	Х	х
F - Degrees F	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х
K - Degrees K	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х
R - Degrees R	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х
Number of Temp Scales (Not Used)	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	1	1	Х	Х	Х	Х
Time Stamp in microseconds	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Time Stamp in milliseconds	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х
No Errors	0	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
UTR1 Delta Error (16, 32, 64)	0	0	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
UTR2 Delta Error (32, 64)	0	0	1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
UTR3 Delta Error (64)	0	1	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
UTR4 Delta Error (64)	1	0	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х



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CHANNEL STATUS BYTE

Bits 0 - 4	Thermocouple Type
Bits 5 - 11	Not Used

Bits 12 - 15 Error Codes

CHANNEL STATUS BYTE

Bit	15	14	13	12	11	10	9	8	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
Туре Ј	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Туре Е	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Туре К	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Туре N	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	0	1	1
Type R	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	1	0	0
Туре S	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	1	0	1
Туре Т	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	1	1	0
Туре В	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	0	0	0	0	1	1	1
A/D Disabled	0	0	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Open T/C	0	0	1	0	Х	Х	х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	Х	х	Х
High Range Error	0	0	1	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	х	Х	х	Х
Low Range Error	0	1	0	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
High Limit Exceeded	0	1	0	1	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х
Low Limit Exceeded	0	1	1	0	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х	Х

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ASCII DATA PACKET

This packet will be transmitted when the host issues one of the following commands:

1) SCAN with BIN set to 0

2) LIST n

3) ERROR 4) STATUS

ASCII data can be output in three different basic forms;

1) Unformatted

2) Unformatted with PTP data

3) Formatted

FUNCTION DESCRIPTION	BYTES	DATA TYPE	VALUE
ASCII Data (The first two bytes must NOT be 1Hex through 1FHex). Refer to the Com- mand Section of this manual for the proper Command return formats.	1 to 1492 (Variable length)	String	Unique to Packet. Each line is terminated with a CR, LF, CR-LF, or LF-CR.

RTD UNITS

UNITS	RTD Units					
А	millivolts					
С	Degrees C					
F	Degrees C					
К	Degrees C					
М	Degrees C					
R	Degrees C					
V	millivolts					
0	A/D counts					

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UNFORMATTED WITHOUT PTP DATA

Unformatted data is output in a streaming, multi-column format. Each frame of data has a header with the frame number, RTD readings and temperature units listed. The data columns are: Channel, Reading, Status Code.

Example:

Frame # 3

iiu	inc	πJ					
		33					
		33			0		
		25					
Rtd	4	25	00	C	1		
Uni	its (2					
01	2	1.8	9 0				
02	-99	999.	99	40	00		
		99.					
04	-99	999.	99	40	00		
05	99	99.	99	30	00		
		99.					
		99.					
		99.					
		99.					
		99.					
		999.					
		999.					
		99.					
		999.					
		99.					
16		99.			00		
17		8.6					
18		9.1					
19		9.0					
20		9.5					
21		9.3					
22		9.6					
23		9.8					
24		0.7					
25		0.6					
26		1.0					
27		0.7					
		1.5 1.1					
		1.1 1.3					
		1.5					
		2.1					
52	J	۲.2	50				

UNFORMATTED WITH PTP DATA

Unformatted with PTP data is output in a streaming, multicolumn format. Each frame of data has a header with the frame number, PTP time, RTD readings and temperature units listed. The data columns are: Channel, Reading, Status Code. This output configuration is exactly the same as unformatted without PTP data with the only difference being the addition of the PTP time in the second line of the header.

Example: Frame # 2 PTP Time 2013/04/24 15:09:26.585355 Rtd1 33.69 C Rtd2 33.70 C 1 Rtd3 25.00 C Rtd4 25.00 C 1 Units C 01 22.06 0 02 -9999.99 4000 03 9999.99 3000 04 -9999.99 4000 05 9999.99 3000 06 9999.99 3000 07 9999.99 3000 08 9999.99 3000 09 9999.99 3000 10 9999.99 3000 11 -9999.99 4000 12 -9999.99 4000 13 9999.99 3000 14 -9999.99 4000 15 9999.99 3000 16 9999.99 3000 17 28.62 0 18 29.150 19 29.09 0 20 29.510 21 29.34 0 22 29.63 0 23 29.87 0 24 30.74 0 25 30.63 0 26 31.02 0 27 30.710 28 31.57 0 29 31.12 0 30 31.300 31 31.590 32 32.15 0

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FORMATTED

If data formatting is enabled (variable SET FORMAT 1), the data is displayed in a block-style format. This configuration is preferred for manual viewing but is not desirable for data collection. PTP data is not available in formatted data.

Example:

Frame=0000000 Rtd1= 19.70 C Rtd2= 19.71 C Rtd3= 19.72 C Rtd4= 19.71 C Units=C

01= -9999.99 02= -9999.99 03= -9999.99 04= -9999.99 05= 9999.99 06= -9999.99 07= 9999.99 08= -9999.99 09= -9999.99 10= -9999.99 11= -9999.99 12= -9999.99 13= -9999.99 14= -9999.99 15= 9999.99 16= -9999.99 17= -9999.99 18= -9999.99 19= -9999.99 20= -9999.99 21= -9999.99 22= 9999.99 23= -9999.99 24= -9999.99 25= 9999.99 26= -9999.99 27= -9999.99 28= 9999.99 29= -9999.99 30= -9999.99 31= -9999.99 32= 9999.99

NETWORK PROTOCOLS SUPPORTED

Physical Layer: 10Base-T IEEE 802.3 **INTERNET Protocol (IP)** Link Layer: Transport Layer: Transmission Control Protocol (TCP) User Datagram Protocol (UDP)



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SECTION 6: MAINTENANCE

CALIBRATION

All DTS4050 modules are calibrated before they are shipped. The calibration performed at Scanivalve is traceable to NIST. Scanivalve recommends subsequent calibrations at 6 month intervals in order to maintain accuracy. Calibrations may be performed at the Scanivalve factory or by a customer in the field. Customers who wish to perform their own calibrations can use Scanivalve's free calibration software, TempCal. TempCal can be downloaded at no cost from the Scanivalve website at www.scanivalve.com.

The TempCal software calibrates the voltage A/Ds in the DTS4050 module. It can be operated in either automatic or manual mode depending on the voltage standard being used. In order to calibrate a DTS using TempCal, a calibration harness is required. The calibration harness can be ordered from Scanivalve using the following part numbers:

21079-1 (for 16 channel DTS modules) 21079-2 (for 32 channel DTS modules) 21079-3 (for 64 channel DTS modules)

In addition to the calibration harness, a host computer running Windows XP or Windows 7 and a DC voltage standard with a range of -10mV to +131mV and an accuracy of $\pm 1.5 \mu V$ or better is required. The procedure for performing a voltage calibration on a DTS using TempCal can be found in the TempCal software manual.

TempCal does not perform a recalibration of the RTDs. Calibration of the RTDs should be completed on a five year interval. Consult Scanivalve directly for a copy of the "full" calibration procedure including calibrating the RTDs. In order to perform a complete calibration, the following additional equipment is required:

- Digital Volt/Ohmmeter ±10µV accuracy from 95 to 105mVdc
- 100 Ω standard resistor accurate within ±0.001% Ice point reference
- Thermocouple simulator

A/D CALIBRATION (ADCAL)

The DTS4050 includes an internal A/D self-calibration function called "ADCAL." This is automatically performed at powerup and whenever the PERIOD variable is changed however it is recommended that the ADCAL be performed periodically in certain situations. Scanivalve recommends that an ADCAL be performed after the module has warmed



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up and reached a stable temperature. An ADCAL should also be performed if the DTS is subjected to an ambient temperature change of more than 5°C. Finally, if the DTS has been running continuously for more than a 1 week period, an ADCAL should be performed. For more information on the ADCAL, see "A/D Calibration" on page 27.

INTERNET EXPLORER SETUP FOR FTP

- The firmware and coefficient procedures that follow may not function correctly if Windows Internet Explorer is not set up correctly. A user should verify these settings before attempting these procedures.
 - 1. Open Internet Explorer.
 - 2. Click on Tools
 - 3. Select Internet Options from the drop down menu. The Internet Options window will open.



- 4. Click on the Advanced Tab.
 - 5. Scroll down to the Heading marked "Browsing"
 - 6. Make sure that the line "Enable FTP Folder View (Outside of Internet Explorer)" is checked. If this is not enabled, Internet Explorer will block FTP file transfers.



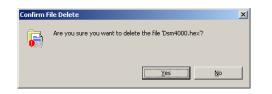
- 7. Click OK to accept the settings.

SECTION 6: MAINTENANCE

DTS4050 FIRMWARE INSTALLATION (WINDOWS XP & 7)

NOTE: Some firewalls may block file transfers. We recommend that firewalls be shut down for the procedures in this section.

- 1. Connect a host computer to the Ethernet port.
- 2. Install the disk with the New or updated firmware
- (Dts4000.Hex) into a drive.
- 3. Open My Computer
- 4. In the Address Bar, type:
- ftp://<IPAddress><Enter>
- Where: <IPAddress> is the IP Address of the DTS4050.
- 5. The host computer should connect, If the connection
- is successful, the contents of the DTS4050 Flash chip will be displayed in a folder format.
- Beer all all S- 0 Favonten
 Denitop
 Downloads
 Denitop
 Recent Places
 Pyan's Folder
 Google Drive 0154000.00 1 tends ands . 1CATH TERIORE Clorenter Document Masic Fictures Videos 10,110 TCAVOHT TCANOLTO TELVOLTO TCUTH TO JUDHITAT 1C,KDA TCKVOHINT TENURIT TEATO TURNALDIT TC,RTAT TC,RIOH DIT TORVOLTO 10,5117 TC.SUGHTHT 36,1.787 TC,T,VOH TXT
- 6. Highlight the existing Dts4000.Hex file. Right Click on it and select Delete. A window will open to confirm the delete. Click Yes to delete the file.



- 7. Open Windows Explorer in another window. Find the directory where the new Dts4000.Hex file is stored. Highlight the file and
- Click: Edit
- Copy Click:
- 8. Select the DTS4050 window and,
- Click: Edit
- Click: Paste
- The file will be copied to the DTS4050. A progress window will provide progress information.

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9. When the copy function is complete, the DTS4050 window will show the new file. The time and date will show the Time and Date of the transfer. This is the only time this date will be shown. All files on the DTS4050 will show the same date and time after a reboot or power cycle: August 1, 2008 00:00 10. Cycle the AC power or execute a Reboot command

to complete the process.

DTS4050

OPERATING IN BOOTLOADER MODE

If the DTS4050 will not boot, or appears to have lost communications with a Host, the system may be operated in the Bootloader Mode. In this mode of operation, the application will not start. A list of commands that may be used in the bootloader mode can be found in "DSP Boot Loader" on page 18. All commands may be entered by the Ethernet or Configuration ports.

This mode may be set by switching Dip Switch 1 to the on position.



CAUTION! ESD PROTECTION REQUIRED. The proper use of grounded work surfaces and personal wrist straps are required when coming into contact with exposed circuits to prevent static discharge from damaging sensitive electronic components.

1. Switch the input power off, and remove the DTS4050 top insulating cover. In order to access the Dip Switches, the connector end cover must be removed. Removed the nine phillips screws shown and carefully pull the end cover off of the unit.

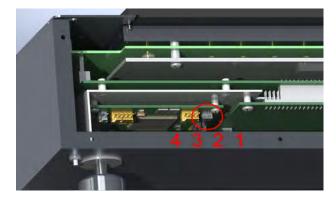


2. The dip switches are located on the front edge of the processor board. For reference purposes, OFF is towards the bottom of the DTS4050, and on is towards the top of the DTS4050 (towards the circuit board). Slide DIP switch #1 up to turn it on.

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SECTION 6: MAINTENANCE



- 3. Re-apply power to the DTS4050. The application will not run, but the bootloader commands can be used to troubleshoot system problems.
- 4. The most common reason to enter the bootloader is to check or change the IP address of the unit. Once the unit has booted up in the bootloader, send the command "LIST IP" The variable IPADD sets the device IP address. If desired, it can be modified and then saved with the SAVEIP command. Once the save has completed, cycling the power on the unit will implement the new IP address.
- 5. When troubleshooting is complete, remove power and reset switch #1 to the off position (towards the bottom of the unit). Reinstall the top cover and reapply power.

Section 4: Hardware

REFORMATTING THE DTS4050

Should the file system on the DTS4050 become corrupted, the unit would have to be reformatted. This procedure will delete all data on the DTS4050. Before performing this operation, ensure that all files can be recovered. This can be done by copying the files off of the DTS before reformatting it, or by retrieving the files from the Resource Disk supplied with the unit.

- 1. Begin by powering the DTS unit down and configuring it to operate in bootloader mode (see "Operating in Bootloader Mode" on page 85).
- 2. Power the DTS4050 up and establish an Ethernet connection as normal. Because the DIP switches have been reconfigured, you will boot in the bootloader instead of the application. Verify the connection is good by sending the VER command. The DTS4050 should respond with the version of the bootloader (not the application!).
- 3. To format the SD card, send the command:

FDISK

Followed by:

FDISKCONFIRM

It will take about 5-10 seconds for the disk to completely format.

4. When the DTS4050 was formatted, all information including the IP Address was lost. To reset a new IP address, send the command:

SET IPADD xxx.xxx.xxx.xxx *(where xxx.xxx.xxx is the new IP address)

Verify the IP address is set properly by sending the LIST S command and checking the setting of the IPADD variable. If it is correct, save the new IP address by sending the command:

SAVEIP

Followed by:

SAVEIPCONFIRM

If the IP Address is not set at this point and the DTS4050 is powered down, the default IP address will be used. At this point, the flash memory has been formatted and the DTS4050's IP address has been re-established.

5. Power the DTS4050 down. Remove the processor

DTS4050

board assembly and reconfigured the DIP switches

6. Power the DTS4050 back up. Establish and Ethernet

connection to is using the IP address established

in step 4 as normal. At this point, the DTS4050

will be operating completely on factory defaults

with no calibration coefficients loaded. FTP to the

unit using your preferred method and restore the

application file (DTS4000.hex), factory coefficients

and the CV.GPF (basic configuration file). All of the

found on the DTS4050 Resource Disk supplied with

configuration files and the application file can be

the DTS4050. If there is not an archived copy of

and then saved with the SAVE command.

this file, each of the configuration variables can be

reconfigured manually through the SET commands

for normal operation.

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APPENDIX

APPENDIX A: THERMOCOUPLE INFORMATION

THERMOCOUPLE BASICS

When two dissimilar metals are joined together to form a closed loop, and if one junction is held at a different temperature from the other, an Electromotive Force(EMF) is generated. The amount of EMF generated is predictable based on the materials used and the temperature of the junction.

The EMF is generated by the wires, not the junction. A temperature gradient must exist before the EMF can be generated.

Three laws have been established that govern thermoelectric circuits.

Law of Homogeneous Materials:

A thermoelectric current cannot be sustained in a circuit of a single homogeneous material, however it varies in cross section, by the application of heat alone. Simply stated, two different materials are required for any thermocouple circuit. If current can be detected in a homogeneous wire when it is heated, this is evidence that the wire is in-homogeneous.

Law of Intermediate Materials:

The algebraic sum of the thermoelectromotive forces in a circuit composed of any number of dissimilar materials is zero if all of the circuit is at a uniform tem-Thermocouple Accuracy: perature. This law states that a third homogeneous Thermocouple accuracy can be defined as relative and material can be added to a circuit with no effect on the absolute accuracy. net EMF of the circuit as long as temperature of the **Relative Accuracy** junctions remain the same.

Law of Successive or Intermediate Temperature: If two dissimilar homogeneous materials produce a thermal EMF of E1 when the junctions are at temperature T1 and T2, and a thermal EMF of E2 when the junctions are at T2 and T3, the EMF generated when the junctions are at T1 and T3 will be E1 + E2. This law states that a thermocouple calibrated for one reference temperature can be used with any other reference temperature with a correction. Also, extension wires having the same characteristics as those of the thermocouple wires can be introduced to the circuit without affecting the circuit.

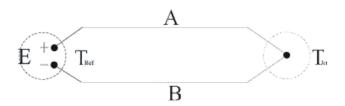


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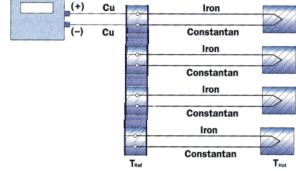
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Thermocouple Circuits:

A basic thermocouple circuit consists of two dissimilar homogenous materials extending from the measuring junction to the reference junction.



When more than one thermocouple is to be measured, each thermocouple should be two continuous wires between the measuring and reference junctions. This is the most common circuit for thermoelectric testing.



This is the ability of the system to repeat a given measurement. This depends upon the quality of the sensors, the measuring system used and how the system is installed.

Absolute Accuracy

This is the ability of the system to determine a standard accepted value. This can be achieved by calibration relative accepted and recognized standards.

Thermocouple Calibration:

Calibration will not change the characteristics of a thermocouple. It does validate the system and ensure proper readings by allowing corrections to be entered for each thermocouple in the system. Calibrations should conform to ISO 10012-1:1992.

APPENDIX

SOURCES OF ERROR IN THERMOCOUPLE MEASUREMENTS

Measuring Junction

The thermocouple junction at the temperature measuring point is the measuring junction. Errors at this point depend upon the age of the junction, the method of joining and materials used to form the junction. Generally, errors from the measuring junction are small.

Extension Wires

Extension wires are any elements inserted between the measuring junction and the reference junction. Extension wires should have the same characteristics as the thermocouple wire. Extension wires introduce four junctions to each circuit. This can cause errors as large as $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C. The errors can be minimized by calibrating the system with the extension wires in place. If possible, extension wires should not be used.

Reference Junctions

The thermocouple junction maintained at a known temperature is the reference junction. Reference junctions can introduce errors as large as ± 0.6 C.

Copper Connecting Wires

These wires are used to connect the reference junction to the measuring device. The errors caused by these wires are very small.

Thermocouple Switches

When used, these devices can induce errors as large as ±1°C. Switching should occur in the copper wires between the reference junction and the measuring device.

Noise in Thermocouple Circuits

The external effects that can cause errors in thermocouple circuits include: electrical and magnetic fields, cross-talk, and common mode voltage.

Electric fields radiated from voltage sources are capacitively coupled to thermocouple extension wires. This imposes an AC voltage on the thermoelectric EMF. This can be minimized by shielding the thermocouple extension wire and grounding the shield.

Magnetic fields produce noise current in the thermocouple extension wire. This can be minimized by twisting the thermocouple extension wire pairs.

In a multipair thermocouple extension wire, adjacent pairs can pick up noise from a pulsating signal. This can be minimized by shielding the individual pairs.

Common mode noise will be generated if a grounded

thermocouple is connected to a grounded instrument. This can be minimized by grounding the thermocouple and shield as close as possible to the measuring point.

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THERMOCOUPLE DESIGN

The thermocouple used in an application should be selected specifically for the application.

- Size: The temperature sensed will be the average temperature across the length of the sensor.
- Shape: The shape must conform to the shape of the surface if the thermocouple is measuring surface temperatures.

Response: The response time of a thermocouple is mass dependent. Therefore the size of the thermocouple must be small in relation to the object being measured. The response time should be approximately 5 times shorter than the fastest rate of temperature change to be monitored.

Heat Conduction: Thermocouple extension wires can conduct heat into or out of the thermocouple. The wire must be insulated from the environment if this can occur.

Sensor Position: The thermocouple measures the temperature of the object it is touching or the environment in which it is installed. Therefore the thermocouple must be positioned very carefully to insure that the temperature is being sensed at the correct point.

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THERMOCOUPLE TYPES AND DESCRIPTIONS

The DTS family of Temperature Scanners will accept inputs from Type E, J, K, N, R, S, and T Thermocouples. The accuracy of the measurement will depend upon the type of thermocouple and the quality of the extension wire used for the measurement.

Type B

Range

Notes

Positive leg 70% platinum, 30% rhodium 94% platinum, 6% rhodium Negative leg 0 to 1800C 400 to 1704C Usable range Easily contaminated and damaged

by reducing atmospheres. This thermocouple should be protected with a gas tight ceramic tube, a secondar tube of porcelain and a silicon carbide or metal outer tube.

Type E - Chromel Constantan

Positive leg	90% nickel, 10% chromium				
Negative leg	43% nickel, 57% copper				
Range	-270 to 1000°C				
Usable range	0 to 900 C				
Notes	Highest EMF output per degree				
of all recognized the	rmocouples. Has similar drift				
between 316 and 593°C as a Type K thermocouple					

Type J - Iron Constantan

100% iron
43% nickel, 57% copper
-210 to 1200°C
0 to 816 C
Not susceptible to aging from 371
, should be used with a 96% pure
stainless steel sheath to prevent
lead. Most commonly used ther-

Type K - Chromel Alumel

Positive leg	90% nickel, 10% chromium					
Negative leg	95% nickel, 2% aluminum, 2%					
	manganese, 1% silicon					
Range	-270 to 1372°C					
Usable range	-36 to 1260 C					
Notes	Not recommended from 316 to					
593°C because of ag	ging that can cause drift rates of					
2°C in a few hours. Best used when corrosion may be a						

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problem.



Type N

Positive leg

14% chromium, 1.4% silicon,
84.6% nickel
95.6% nickel, 4.4% silicon
-270 to 1372 C
0 to 1260 C
Less aging from 316 to 593°C
nocouple.

Type R

	Positive leg	87% platinum, 13% rhodium
	Negative leg	100% platinum
d	Range	-50 to 1767 C
	Usable range	0 to 1482°C
ry	Notes	Has a higher output than Type
	S thermocouples	. Easily contaminated. This thermo-
	couple should be	e protected by compacted mineral
	insulation and a	metal outer sheath.

Type S

•	
Positive leg	90% platinum, 10% rhodium
Negative leg	100% platinum
Range	-50 to 1767 C
Usable range	0 to 1482°C
Notes	Easily contaminated. This ther-
mocouple should be	protected with a gas tight ceramic
tube, a secondary tu	be of porcelain and a silicon car-
bide or metal outer t	tube.

Type T - Copper Constantan

Positive leg	Pure copper
Negative leg	43% nickel, 57% copper
Range	-270 to 400°C
Usable range	-262 to 350°C
Notes	Good for low temperature and
cryogenic application	ons

DTS4050

INTERNATIONAL THERMOCOUPLE AND EXTENSION WIRE COLOR CODES

Country	USA	USA	United Kingdom	United Kingdom	Germany	Japan	Fance
Standard	ANSIMC96.1 T/C	ANSI MC96.1 Extension	BS 1843	BS 4937	DIN 43714	JIS C1610- 1981	NFE C42- 323
B Overall B Positive B Negative	-	Gray Gray Red	-	-	Gray Red Gray	Gray Red Gray	-
E Overall	Brown	Purple	Brown	Brown	Black	Purple	-
E Positive	Purple	Purple	Brown	Brown	Red	Red	
E Negative	Red	Red	Blue	Blue	Black	White	
J Overall	Brown	Black	Black	Black	Blue	Yellow	Black
J Positive	White	White	Yellow	Black	Red	Red	Yellow
J Negative	Red	Red	Blue	White	Blue	White	Black
K Overall	Brown	Yellow	Red	Green	Green	Blue	Yellow
K Positive	Yellow	Yellow	Brown	Green	Red	REd	Yellow
K Negative	Red	Red	Blue	White	Green	White	Purple
N Overall N Positive N Negative	Brown Orange Red	Orange Orange Red	-	-	-	-	-
R Overall	-	Green	Green	Orange	White	Black	Green
R Positive		Black	White	Orange	Red	Red	Yellow
R Negative		Red	Blue	White	White	White	Green
S Overall	-	Breen	Green	Orange	White	Black	Green
S Positive		Black	White	Orange	Red	Red	Yellow
S Negative		Red	Blue	White	White	White	Green
T Overall	Brown	Blue	Blue	Brown	Brown	Brown	Blue
T Positive	Blue	Blue	White	Brown	Red	Red	Yellow
T Negative	Red	Red	Blue	White	Brown	White	Blue

APPENDIX B - SOFTWARE CHANGE LIST

Version 1.00 - Initial software release. (08/26/2013)

Version 1.01 - Updated to add MINRATE variable (4/21/14)

Version 1.02 - Changed the rate of the RTD A/D to 3x the T/C A/D rate. (6/11/14)





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DTS4050 HARDWARE & SOFTWARE MANUAL JUNE 11, 2014